THE TIMES
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Victoria Daily Times.

PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY
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C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1894. No. 10

Silverware
Silverware
Silverware
Silverware !

The Largest and Finest Stock in the City at

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 55 Government Street.

Eider Down Quilts

RECEIVED TO-DAY AT THE

WESTSIDE

NICE PATTERNS, PRETTY COLORS, GOOD QUALITY.

..Price $6.75 Each..

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

McINTOSHES--A fresh supply of our fine blue McIntoshes just received.

MITTS--10 doz. Wool Mitts, hand made, 15 cents a pair.

LEATHER COATS--Another case to hand. All sizes up to 46 in. chest.

Special Value in Boys' Overcoats.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street

A Happy New Year

MAY YOU LIVE THROUGH MANY OF THEM.

TO live long and happily one must be comfortable. One way to be comfortable is to have a pair of comfortable slippers.

ERSKINE SELLS
COMFORTABLE SLIPPERS.

Call and see his display.

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—4 dozen laying hens for sale. Address D., Times office. jl2-2

WANTED—A buggy or phaeton with two seats in good order. Apply, stating price, etc., to E., Times office. jl2-6t

IF THE THIEF who removed the four enlargments from the doorway of the Imperial Studio, 76 Yates street, will kindly return the pictures he may keep the frames for his honesty, E. J. Eyres. jl2-2t

WANTED—For one year $2,500, nine per cent. interest; good security. Apply H., Times office. jl2-2t

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Richard E. Taylor and William James Hanna, under the firm name of "Hanna & Taylor" has been dissolved, and the business will in future be carried on by William James Hanna, who alone will discharge the liabilities and collect the debts of the old firm.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., January 9th, 1894.

R. E. TAYLOR.
W. J. HANNA.

Witness: A. C. Luxton. jl2

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian	Jan. 20
Allan Line, Mongolian	Feb. 3
Dominion Line, Labrador	Jan. 27
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Feb. 10
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Jan. 30
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Feb. 14

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Aurania	Jan. 27
Cunard Line, Umbria	Jan. 24
White Star Line, Majestic	Jan. 31
White Star Line, Germanic	Jan. 31
American Line, New York	Jan. 24
American Line, Paris	Jan. 31
Nor. German Lloyd, Dresden	Jan. 20
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Jan. 27
French Line, La Gascogne	Jan. 13
Allan State Line, Grecian	Jan. 18

For cheap rates and all other information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Gen. Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

ALL SORTS

No fewer than 320 survivors of the Crimean war have been found within the confines of South Wales and Monmouthshire.

* * *

About 20 per cent. of the quantity of coal now produced in Great Britain is consumed in the working of ironstone and in the manufacture of iron and steel.

* * *

In Scotland piano tuners have to serve an apprenticeship of seven years. In an English factory five years is considered sufficient, unless the candidate is under 21 when the five years expires, in which case he continues as an apprentice until he has reached that age.

* * *

The Schumadiski List, Kragujewatz, one of the best edited weeklies in Servia, has the following notice printed in capitals on the front page of one of its recent numbers: "Our present issue contains only a few pages. This is entirely due to the indescribable laziness of our editor-in-chief, Mr. Zrak. Since November 5 he has changed day into night. That is to say, he is on a spree during the night and sleeps it off during the

* * *

The first battalion Scots Guards, stationed at Chelsea, can lay claim this year to have the tallest company in the army. The right flank company of the battalion has ninety-three men on the roll, the tallest of whom slightly exceeds six feet seven inches. There are twelve men standing over six feet four inches, and no individual man of the ninety-three is below six feet. The average height of the company is given at six feet two and a quarter inches.

MR. STEAD'S LATEST

The Indefatigable London Editor Has a New Idea

FOR EXPOSING CHICAGO WICKEDNESS

People Who Pay Taxes on Certain City Property

Used for Disreputable Purposes are to be Named—Stead is Making Sure of His Ground—He Asks Each One About It—They Will go Into His Book on Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—W. T. Stead has secured the names of those owning property which is leased for disreputable purposes, and proposes to publish them in his book on Chicago. To make certain of the ownership he has sent circulars to all, who pay taxes on the property asking if his information is correct. He will lecture next Tuesday night at the People's Institute on the question, "Who are the Disreputable of Chicago?"

Killed by a Kiss.

Vineland, N. J., Jan. 12.—George W. Harvey of Iona died on Wednesday evening in terrible agony. He was celebrating the anniversary of his golden wedding. While surrounded by his children and grandchildren he kissed one of the latter on the head. A hair lodged in his throat and a severe coughing spell ensued. Mr. Harvey suffered greatly, and at last burst a blood vessel, dying in a few minutes. Mrs. Harvey, who is past 70, fell unconscious upon hearing of the death, and has remained so ever since. It is feared she will not long survive the shock.

Father Baart Sustained.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 12.—Mgr. Satolli has written Father P. A. Baart, of Marshall, Mich, approving his course in advocating in the Roman Catholic and secular press the holding of church property by trustees chosen by clerical corporations and opposing the plan of vesting the title of such property in the bishops. The question has been much agitated, both in New York and the west, and those who have advocated the trustee plan have been bitterly attacked by partisans of the older method. The apostolic delegate sharply criticises the priests who have assailed Father Baart and sustains him at every point.

Chile's British Treaty.

Valparaiso, Jan. 12.—The Chilean government has declined extension of the treaty proposed by the United States government. The treaty for settlement of British claims, now before the Chilean congress, allows one year from the time the commission is formed, with six months' extension if found necessary. Other countries are awaiting the ratification of the British treaty in the hope of getting a similar treaty.

A Case of Boycott.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—Postmaster Thomas R. Bitting, of Ambler, Pa., will appeal to Postmaster-General Bissell for relief from a boycott. Keasby & Mattison, chemical manufacturers at Ambler, have forced him in 18 months to cancel a million of their stamps purchased elsewhere, and attached to circulars and letters mailed at home. His salary has thus been cut from $1,700 a year to $1,100.

Defective Anti Lottery Law.

Parkersburg, W. Va., Jan. 12.—Judge Nathan Goff of the United States circuit court has decided that part of the recent anti-lottery law is unconstitutional. The case was that of the United States against Paul Conrad and others. They were indicted for using the mails for unlawful purposes. Under the section of the anti-lottery law which provides that indictments may be brought in any state or district in which the mail is fraudulently used, Judge Goff, in a long opinion, held that jurisdiction could not be maintained outside the state or district in which the offense was committed, and declared that so much of the law as gave authority to bring indictments in any state or district in which the mails circulated was unconstitutional. The defendants were dismissed.

Vasquez Victorious.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Jan. 12.—At 4 yesterday afternoon the rebels and their allies attempted to dislodge Vasquez, attacking him in force. They were repulsed three times with heavy loss. Vasquez is placing his artillery in a position that is nearly impregnable, and unless the allies go round India Rubber hill they will not be able to pass through.

American Bonds in England.

London, Jan. 12.—It is believed negotiations have been proceeding between the United States government and some London bankers respecting support by syndicate banks when Secretary Carlisle issues the bonds. These bonds it is expected here will amount to $50,000,000.

American News.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Fred Names, who believed it his mission to liberate the assassin Prendergast from the county jail, was tried as to his sanity to-day and sent to Jefferson asylum. When questioned by the judge as to the way he expected to obtain authority to release Prendergast, Names quoted the Scriptures. All questions asked with the exception of those regarding Prendergast and his proposed release were answered intelligently.

Baltimore, Jan. 12.—By the capsizing of a small ferry boat early this morning the following were drowned: Neil Finlayson, W. H. Nelson, Robert J. Wilson and John Hughes, of the British steamer Marrea; Peter Safranski, ferryman, and a sailor, name unknown.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 12.—Samuel Webster was hanged to-day for the murder of Clementine Manning, an abandoned woman, in August, 1890.

Cincinnati, Jan. 12.—At 1 o'clock this morning Rosero Park was lynched at West Union, Ohio, for the murder of an aged couple named Hines, a month ago.

LAURIER LOOKS WELL.

The Liberal Leader in Fine Spirits—Blake Above Stairs.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 12.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and Sidney Fisher, Ex-M. P. for Brome, who are now here, spent the forenoon at the Reform club room, where they met a number of leading Liberals and talked over the political situation with them. Laurier is looking well and in excellent spirits.

Edward Blake is a guest at the government house.

The Ontario legislature is summoned for Feb. 13th.

Eastern Canada.

Ottawa, Jan. 12.—The committee appointed by the Canadian Woollen Manufacturers' Association waited in the government's tariff commission and presented figures and statistics showing the growth of business in Canada and how it is affected by the present tariff. The committee after leaving the ministers said they had not the slightest idea what the government intended doing in regard to their particular industry.

President Hincker of the Paton Woollen Mills Co., of Sherbrooke, Que., who is a member of the manufacturers' committee, was asked if woollen manufacturers could get along with less tariff protection than they now enjoyed.

He said: "No; the outlook for the woollen trade of Canada is very gloomy. Our company has not paid a dividend for three years, though we have managed to keep our woollen mills going, and have not reduced wages. Our market is limited to Canada, and as wool is free now the government cannot help us by abolishing the duties on raw material. In view of reductions in the cost of English and German woollen cloth we could not stand a reduction of the tariff, and the closing of our mills would be a bad thing for the country."

Toronto, Jan. 12.—Lyman Miller on Tuesday evening returned from the lumber shanties and called for his wife at her father's house in Markham township. He was told that she was absent in Markham, so he proceeded in that direction, meeting John Sellers and his (Miller's) wife in a sleigh. Miller ordered his wife out of the sleigh, and produced a revolver to give the order emphasis. Sellers, however, whipped up his horse and dashed past Miller, who fired after the couple, but without the bullet taking effect. The police are looking after Miller on a charge of attempt to murder.

The Ontario assembly has been summoned for Wednesday, February 14th, St. Valentine's day. Sir Oliver Mowat has pledged himself to hold another session before the provincial elections. The elections must take place before July 10th this year. Conservative conventions will be held at Napanee on January 17th and at Brockville on the 27th.

Quebec, Jan. 12.—Lord and Lady Aberdeen have definitely accepted an invitation for the citizens' ball here on the night of Wednesday, Jan. 31.

Principal Adams, of Bishop's college, Lennoxville, is in town.

Circulars were sent out last night to the leading newspaper editors of Canada and the United States, inviting them to each send a representative for carnival week.

Life History of Corals.

To Reamur is due the imposing legend that coral islands are built by the accumulated efforts of the industrious insect. Pliny, in like manner, quite gravely records the ancient belief that a little sucker fish could hold a ship against the impelling violence of a storm, and apostrophizes the deplorable vanity of mankind when confronted with the fact that their armored vessels could be held bound and immovable by a little fish six inches long! The wonders of nature do not really need these imaginary embellishments.

The life history of corals is sufficiently remarkable in its sober facts. Like other animals, they produce eggs, from which free-swimming young are hatched. But they have two other methods of propagation, namely, gemmation and fissiparity. Between animals and plants in general there is no distinction which makes itself more prominent and obtrusive than the free individual life of the one and the fixed colonial life of the other. By gemmation, the successive putting forth of buds, an industrious vegetable, starting with a seed of insignificant size, may build a massive structure, sometimes 400 feet in height, the resultant of individuals almost innumerable, belonging to hundreds or thousands of generations, all of them the living members of a single family, successively sacrificing their individuality to promote the common good and to share it.

This procedure in plant life is illustrated by an endless diversity of examples, great and small. Whatever exceptions there may be, this, to the ordinary observer, is the customary, the commonplace, the distinctive habit in the vegetable kingdom. Thus it came to pass that men did not believe their own eyes when they met with animals behaving in a way that seemed to be the patent right of vegetables. The isolated sea anemone was well understood, but creatures of precisely similar structure, which took to sprouting out of stems and branches, had to be incontinently handed over to the botanist.—The Edinburgh Review.

The Sicilian Revolutionists.

Rome, Jan. 12.—The United States consul at Palermo, W. H. Seymour, denies most emphatically the report published in an Italian newspaper that French funds have been sent through him to Sicilian revolutionists.

WANT THEIR WAGES

Sailors on the Insurgent Brazilian Ship Nitherohi

STRIKE FOR WHAT IS DUE THEM

Everything Reported Quiet at Brazilian Ports.

How They Fight in Rio Bay—Machine Guns Begin Business in the Evening—Flying Bullets Plentiful—Explosion in Villegagnon Kills Fifteen Men—A Bursting Cannon Kills Five More.

New York, Jan. 12.—The steamer Cuba arrived last night from northern Brazil ports. She reports all quiet at Victoria. At Bahia a report that the Aquidaban was expected caused great excitement, but subsequently it was learned the Aquidaban actually went south to Montevideo, and the alarm subsided.

London, Jan. 12.—A dispatch dated Pernambuco, Jan. 11th, says: The crew of the dynamite cruiser Nitherohi threaten to leave unless their wages are paid.

New York, Jan. 12.—The steamer Catania arrived this morning from Brazil. She left Santos on Dec. 9th, and all was quiet during the 16 days of the steamer's stay. Nothing of moment occurred at Rio, where the Catania was eight days. Daily conflicts took place between the ships and the shore and bullets from the machine guns were constantly flying over the ships. The captain says that while returning from the shore to the ship, a bullet whistled by him and passed between the stroke oarsman and himself. The conflict between insurgent launches and the shore usually began in the evening and then there was an almost incessant rattle of machine guns.

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 12.—The U. S. S. San Francisco arrived here to-day.

London, Jan. 12.—A Buenos Ayres dispatch says dispatches received there from Rio state that five men were killed by the bursting of a cannon on the insurgent warship Almirante Tamandare, and 15 were killed by the explosion on the island of Villegagnon, held by the insurgents.

Hawaiian Correspondence.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 12.—Considerable uncertainty prevails as to whether the Hawaiian correspondence will be completed in time to be sent to congress to-day. Enquiries made both at the state department and the White House this morning failed to elicit any definite assurance on the subject. The probability is that the sending of the message will be deferred until after the cabinet meeting, which lasts till 2 p.m.

European Gossip.

Paris, Jan. 12.—The guards at La Roquette prison, in which Vaillant is confined, have been doubled owing to the receipt of threatening letters by the governor of the prison.

The Story of a Bell.

In the church tower of the little town of Grosslaswitz, in the north of Germany, hangs a bell, and on it is engraved its history, surmounted by a bas-relief, representing a six-eared stalk of corn, and the date Oct. 15, 1729. This is the story of the bell: At the beginning of the last century the only church bell at Grosslaswitz was so small that its tones were not sufficient to penetrate to the ends of the village. A second bell was badly wanted, but the village was poor, and where was the money to come from? Everyone offered to give what he could, but the united offerings did not amount to nearly enough for the purpose. One Sunday when the schoolmaster, Gottfried Hayn, was going to church, he noticed growing out of the churchyard wall a flourishing green stalk of corn, the seed of which must have been dropped there by a passing bird. The idea suddenly struck him that perhaps this one stalk of corn could be made the means of producing the second bell they wanted so much. He waited till the corn was ripe, then he plucked the six ears on it and sewed them in his own garden. The next year he gathered the little crop thus produced, and sowed it again, till at last he had not enough room in his garden for the crop, so he divided it among a certain number of farmers, who went on sowing the ears until, in the eighth year, the crop was so large that when it was put together and sold they found that they had enough money to buy a beautiful bell, with its story and its birthday engraved upon it, and a cast of the corn stalk to which it owed its existence.—London Globe.

Not Quite Cured.

"Hullo!" said the Donegal tourist to Barney McGlidderigan, as the horse shied, "mind what you're about or we'll be over."

"It's all right, sor," returned Barney; "sure he's a thricky baste, but I'm watchin' him."

"What made you cut his ears?" asked the tourist, feeling his seat on the "Kyar" a little insecure.

"Begad, I thought it would cure the blaggard, but it's gettin' worse he is."

"Cure him! Cure him of what?"

"Well, ye see, yer honor," responded Barney with great gravity, "whenever he was goin' to make a boult he always cocked up his ears—an' mighty big wans they wur, more like a wild mule's than a decent horse's—an' so I just cut them aff, thinkin' if he cudn't cock his ears it wad cure him; but it wasn't a bit av use, at all, at all. By the hokey, there he goes agin!" and in the twinkling of an eye the traveller found himself in the ditch.

A choirmaster makes the curious assertion that the London cries of perikinkles, rabbit skins and watercresses are the damaged survival of phrases in old ecclesiastical music.

GOV. WAITE'S CALL.

Much Dissatisfaction Expressed at the Extraordinary Proclamation.

Denver, Col., Jan. 12.—The legislature convened in extraordinary session yesterday, in accordance with the call of Governor Waite. It is an extraordinary session in more senses than one, for the call has been insisted upon against the protests of representative members of all political parties and of the business and mercantile community throughout the state. Even the most intimate friends of the governor have labored with him to withdraw the call, but without effect, and the people of the state are now depending upon the patriotism of the members of the two houses, irrespective of party proclivities, to manifest their wisdom by adjourning without transacting any business and thus administer a rebuke to the governor.

Politically the legislature is made up as follows: Senate—Republicans, 15; Democrats, 8; Populists, 12. House—Republicans, 33; Democrats, 5; Populists, 27.

It will thus be seen that the Republicans and Democrats combined have a majority of 22 over the Populists, even supposing every one of the latter is in accord with the governor's programme, while the Republicans lack but four of a majority over the Democrats and Populists combined.

The policy of the Republicans is to adjourn sine die after the formality of organization has been gone through. If the 33 Republicans of the house, which is one majority of the whole, can be held together, this will be accomplished, but at the last session three of them proved so refractory that it required united effort on the part of the leaders to keep them in the traces. In the senate the presiding officer, Lieut.-Gov. D. H. Nichols, is an ex-Republican Populist. Formerly he was a boon friend of the governor, but of late he has declared himself opposed to the extra session, and it is believed to-day that he will declare in favor of an early adjournment.

Some of the Republicans have favored remaining long enough in session to institute impeachment proceedings against the governor, but this scheme is opposed by the leaders, who do not believe it would be successful, and who believe in concentrating all their effort toward neutralizing his proposed policy by adjourning without delay. Great pressure is being brought to bear upon the country members by influential citizens who are profoundly and personally interested in the financial and commercial prosperity of the state to induce them to favor an adjournment without transacting any business.

The message of Gov. Waite convening the extra session, the reading of which will be the first business transacted in both houses of the legislature, is a remarkable document. It bears the date of Christmas day and contains over 5,000 words. The governor justifies his proclamation by declaring "the mining interests of the state have been unjustly and unconstitutionally attacked by congress and the present and preceding administrations; that the panic has so reduced values and increased the burdens of taxation that agriculturists, fruit growers and stock raisers are obliged to sell their products below the cost of production, and that the extraordinary remedies now granted to creditors in Colorado should be repealed.

"Appealing to Almighty God for the rectitude of my intentions, and willing to assume the entire responsibility of the act," the governor solemnly declares, "I do issue this, my proclamation."

The first "business" suggested for the legislature in the call is to provide that all silver dollars, domestic and foreign, containing not less than 371 1-2 grains of fine silver shall be legal tender for all debts collectable in Colorado. The governor suggests the passing of an act forbidding the making of trust deeds, mortgages or obligations of any kind payable in gold; laws providing for the issuance in small denominations in payment for work on state canals, said certificates to be receivable for water rights or purchase of internal improvement lands, and to be converted after three years into $100 certificates; repeal of all laws authorizing the issue of municipal bonds, and the enactment of a law to provide for the issuance of certificates of small denominations in payment for work on public improvements.

Other suggestions made by the governor are: To provide for a revision of the constitution; to build Twin Lakes reservoir; to limit interest on judgments to 6 per cent; to create a new county out of the western half of El Paso, the Cripple Creek district; to amend the homestead laws; to provide for an additional judge and clerk in the fourth district; to do away with the contract system in public works; to prevent irrigating companies from collecting more than one-third of the charge for water in advance of delivering the water; an eight-hour law; a law against usury; to amend the attachment laws; to make all trust deeds contracted in future mortgages with redemption privileges; to make chattel mortgages subject to foreclosure only upon notice and according to the procedure in courts of equity; to prohibit child labor and the "sweating system"; to prevent trusts from monopolizing the coal supply, and to regulate the weighing of coal; to amend the garnishee laws; to create non-partisan boards of election, and to provide for the registration of all women entitled to vote; to provide for the appointment of a state bank examiner by the governor.

British Parliament.

London, Jan. 11.—In the house of commons to-day Mr. William Byles, Liberal, who is editor and proprietor of the Bradford Observer, asked if the government, before it embarked upon costly naval expenditures, could see a way to communicate with the other European powers with a view to establish a policy of mutual disarmament.

Mr. Gladstone replied that the question was one of great importance and added: "I am not sure whether the house will remember that when the Earl of Clarendon was foreign secretary he made an attempt in this direction. I do not know that it was done in a strictly official sense, and it was therefore not made the subject of a document communicating the fact to parliament. The Earl of Clarendon received an encouraging answer from one great European government, but he was unable to carry the matter further. I am bound to say that I am very doubtful whether the present occasion is one when such representations could be advantageously made."

Replying to questions on the subject, Mr. G. E. Russell, parliamentary secretary of the Indian office, said that the silver now minted by the native states of India was not legal tender in British India.

Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, stated that Capt. Lang, the senior British naval officer at Rio de Janeiro, was giving all possible assistance to British commerce. He added that Capt. Lang reported that the firing between the government and insurgent forces occurred at uncertain periods, and from certain portions, thus constituting a danger against which it was impossible to protect those trying to land their cargoes. The British minister at Rio could not take further measures without infringing the principle of neutrality.

Flourishing Benefit Society.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—The annual report of the Royal League, a secret fraternal society organized eleven years ago, on the lines of the Royal Arcanum and similar organizations, has been completed for presentation to the supreme council of the order. It is said to be unprecedented in the history of similar organizations. Notwithstanding the mortality of the year and the fact that its membership spreads over half the states of the union, only 49 deaths occurred in its ranks between January and December of 1893, and but eleven assessments were made upon the members, against from twenty to thirty by other fraternal societies. The average time between the death of a member and the payment to the widow or family of the amount of the insurance—whether two thousand or four thousand dollars—was but 22 days, and in several cases where the families were in distress payments were made within twenty-four hours after the filing and revising of the proofs. With every death claim paid for the past year, the organization starts out with a clean balance sheet and fifteen thousand dollars to its credit.

The California Banditti.

Fresno, Cal., Jan. 11.—A week ago yesterday Evans and Morrell visited the house of a man named Spencer, beyond Squaw Valley, and not finding anybody at home helped themselves to what they wanted and left a note explaining the situation. The following is an exact copy of the note: "Mr. Spencer: Dear Friend—I traded rifles with you, for mine is too heavy for my hand, and I took your hunting glasses, so I could watch my enemies. I will pay you at my first opportunity. Yours truly, Chris Evans." People acquainted with the handwriting of Evans say it is genuine. No trace has been found of Evans since he was at Caldwell's. Posses are still scouring the country between Squaw Valley and Sanger. The snow at Dunlap, on the northern part of the hill, is about two or three inches deep. In the Thompson's flat region on Sunday it was two feet deep. After all is summed up it is seen that the officers are as far from catching Evans as they were the day he escaped from jail. Sheriff Scott may meet the outlaws any day, or he may never meet them, but the end may come at any time. A meeting by chance will some time end the chase and it will be all over. Gradually the excitement is dying out. Less and less talk is heard, and by and by even this will drop.

The Midwinter Fair.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.—In connection with the special observance of January 27 as the official ceremonial opening day of the Midwinter exposition, Governor Markham is to be asked to make it a legal holiday throughout the state, and there is reason to believe, from what the governor has said on the subject, that this declaration will be made. The last shipment of foreign exhibits was made from Chicago to-day, and these will be sure to reach here in plenty of time for proper installation before the opening day. Meanwhile there will be constantly arriving scores of cars in which earlier shipments have been made, so that the foreign displays will all be in position in time. The force of workmen in the exposition grounds has been considerably increased, and all roadways, approaches, walks and various landscape features of the central court will be completed.

Port Angeles Lots

Port Angeles, Jan. 10.—The sale of townsite lots by Registrar Toole of the United States land office continues at a lively rate, yet Captain Toole is of the opinion that it will take at least ten days more of active work before the entire government property will be disposed of. Lots to-day appraised at $8 sold for $21. The increase in price is largely due to Seattle men, who are here with plenty of money and are bidding good prices for choice bits of property. A peculiar case has developed here. Some two years ago John Smith settled and erected a house on a lot in a valuable part of the city. Recently he was declared insane, and the chances are that his property will be sold at a low figure and the unfortunate man at Steilacoom will lose the benefit of his years of toil. Thus far the people here have dug up about $15,000 for the purchase of lots and more than half of the property is still unsold.

A Curious People.

There is a race of people in Hawkins county, Tenn., whose origin is a mystery. They are called the Melungeons, and are found no place else. They have been traced back to North Carolina, but further than that nothing is known. They are not Indians, they are not negroes, they are certainly not of any known race of white people. But few of them can speak the English language, although they have lived here for over a century, and the language they do speak is an unknown one to the most accomplished linguist. They are dirty and degraded, but with a rare race pride about them that prevents them intermingling with the lower order of Americans or with negroes. A Melungeon will work when he is hungry, but only under press of necessity. They avoid the towns, and cultivate patches of corn on the most barren mountain sides, the rest of their scant living being obtained by hunting and fishing. Every attempt yet made to better their condition has been a failure, and yet the race continues to exist independently of the white people, growing no smaller and changing none of its attributes.

The properties of Esaljay's Liver Lozenges are tonic as well as laxative. Those remedies that are violently purgative weaken instead of strengthen the body. Esaljay's Liver Lozenges are pleasant, harmless and effective. 25 cents.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—The first national convention of the National Fish and Bird Protecting association opened to-day at the Sherman house. Among those present were Joseph H. Hunter, of Washington, D. C., F. F. Pond, of Milwaukee, and A. L. Lakey, of Michigan. R. B. Ortree, of Chicago, presided. The objects of the association are to secure co-operative work among the state sportsmen's associations, game wardens and individuals in protecting game and fish during the close season, to obtain harmonious legislation in the different states and to discourage the reckless killing of all kinds of game. The annual reports show that considerable work in the direction of attaining those objects has been accomplished during the year.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—For the first time in the history of the country it is now possible for travellers to journey from the east to the Golden Gate and occupy the same car at the end of the journey as at the start. This innovation was introduced to-day by an arrangement between the B. & O., Rock Island, Denver & Rio Grande, Rio Grande & Western and Southern Pacific railways, and under it henceforth sleepers will be run from Philadelphia and Baltimore through to San Francisco without change. The scheme originated with General Passenger Agent Sebastian, of the Rock Island, and will prove a novelty in transcontinental travel.

Washington, Jan. 11.—At the evening session of the House Mr. Maguire (Dem., California), arraigned the system of protection, which enables one company to accumulate a fortune of $200,000,000 in 25 years, as Carnegie & Co. are said to have done. He illustrated this gigantic fortune by stating that if Pontius Pilate had been drawing a salary of $100,000 a year at the time of the crucifixion of Christ, and had continued to receive that salary, he would still be many millions of dollars short of the fortune accumulated by Carnegie & Co. in 25 years. He further showed that coal from the mines of Pennsylvania while it had a tariff protection of 75 cents a ton sold at $3 a ton more than imported coal, although it could compete in the foreign markets with foreign coal and at the same rates. While the large mine-owners wished to restrict production they leased or closed the small mines and threw the laborers in those mines out of employment, putting the support of the unemployed miners on the shoulders of the working miners.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The case of Joseph Donjan, the alleged crank who was arrested on December 27th and held for sending threatening letters through the mails, was before the grand jury yesterday, and Senator Morrill, Mr. Daniels, private secretary to the vice-president, and others appeared as witnesses. The prisoner claims that the only place to hear his case is in the senate of the United States, and that he intends to sue the authorities for $5,000 damages. His lawyer states that when the case comes up for trial the plea of insanity will be abandoned and that he will plead lack of jurisdiction, and the defence will summon President Cleveland, the vice-president, Secretary Lamont and Senators Mills, Sherman, Gordon, McPherson and Gray, to show that not one of the letters was dated in Washington.

San Francisco, Jan. 11.—It has been arranged that on the opening day of the fair Mayor Ellert will speak for the city and M. H. de Young for the fair. General Barnes will deliver the oration and Mrs. de Young will press the button to start the machinery. During the opening exercises, while the combined bands are playing "America," an accompaniment will be fired by artillery. In the procession will be included the national guard, fraternal societies and many organizations of various sorts, making up probably the largest demonstration yet seen in San Francisco.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 11.—A package of money amounting to $10,000 lying under the stove in the express car is what the train robbers did not get when they held up the Hannibal and St. Joseph train two miles east of this city last night. When the train was stopped and the bandits began firing Express Messenger Wetzell prepared himself. His safe was open and at the side was a $10,000 package, consigned to the Commercial National Bank of Chicago. He hastily kicked this under the stove. Only one safe is carried on the train, and he made an attempt to close it. Its contents were only $47.80. This he readily gave to the men and they left, evidently satisfied that they had secured all there was to get. When the postal clerk began to realize that the train was being held up he barred all the doors in his car and secured his revolver, prepared to defend the heavily loaded registered pouches in his charge. The robbers did not come near him, however, and missed another rich prize in consequence. The registered pouches were the most valuable sent over this line in months. It is now evident that the job was the work of local talent and that the men are now in this city.

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 10.—The Homestake gold mine, known as the Neal mine, situated in the Neal district, eighteen miles from Boise, has been sold to persons connected with the Omaha & Grant smelting company. The price is said to have been $50,000. This is the mine over which there has been recently some sensational litigation.

Self Preservation.

I never realized the strength of the instinct of self-preservation in man until I witnessed a test of it on a steamboat. Among the passengers was a man who had a black rattlesnake in a box with a glass top. The snake was a very vicious one and would strike the glass whenever any one approached. The owner of the reptile challenged any one in the crowd to hold his finger on the glass and let the snake strike at it. There could not be any danger and there was not a man who did not think it an easy thing to do. One big fellow, who looked as if he never knew what nerves were tried it first, and, after repeated attempts, gave it up. Then every passenger on the boat attempted it and failure followed in each case. It simply could not be done. Instinct was stronger than reason and will power combined. I witnessed another illustration of this in Paris. A young man had lost his last sou at a gambling table. Not only was he without means, but he had lost a large sum belonging to his employer. He started for the Seine to drown himself. On the way there was a great commotion, caused by the escape of a tiger from a strolling menagerie. The animal came down the street and people fled in every direction. Instantly the man who was seeking death climbed a lamp post and hung on to the top of it, trembling in every muscle. When the animal was captured and the danger was over he went to the river and committed suicide. I was interested in the account of the suicide, and, prompted by curiosity, went to see the body, instantly recognizing it as that of the young man whom I had seen make so frantic an effort to escape death, evidently but a few minutes before he sought it, and at the very time that he was seeking an opportunity to end his existence.—Globe-Democrat.

The Profession of Farming.

The glory of the farmer is that in the division of labor it is his part to create. All trade rests at last on his primitive activity. He stands close to nature; he obtains from the earth the bread and the meat. The food which was not he causes to be. The first farmer was the first man; and all historic nobility rests on possession and use of the land. Men do not like hard work, but every man has an exceptional respect for tillage and a feeling that this is the original calling of his race, and that he himself is only excused from it by some circumstance that made him delegate it for a time to other hands. If he have not some skill which place among the farmers. And the product for which the farmer will give him corn, he must himself return into his place among the farmers. An the profession has in all eyes its ancient charm, as standing nearest to God, the First Cause.—R. W. Emerson.

The Old English Post.

Under the direction of Cotton and Frankland (1690-1705) the operations of the post office largely increased. Cross posts were established. The posts themselves were farmed out to men of energy and capacity, who paid a share of the proceeds to the general office, and under their sagacious administration the service was improved and extended. New packet boats of considerable speed were constructed under the king's order under the guidance of Edward Dummer, surveyor of the navy, and that official himself accepted the contract for the new service to the West Indies.

For him, as for the other pioneers of progress in early days, connection with the civil service proved disastrous. He lost his boats, his private property was mortgaged and foreclosed and he died "bankrupt and broken-hearted." His epitaph is well written by Mr. Joyce: "It is his honorable distinction that he succeeded in all that he undertook for others and it was only in what he undertook for himself that he failed."

During the same time posts were established in North America, and for some time an ocean penny postage existed between our country and that colony. A reformer named Povey set on foot a halfpenny post in London, and the letters were collected by men in his employ, who rang bells to announce their approach. Povey was soon dispossessed of his arrangement, but letters continued to be collected by the sound of bells in London until 1846 and in Dublin down to September, 1850.—The Academy.

Miss Talbot, Margam Abbey, is, according to a contemporary, probably the richest woman in Great Britain. Her father left over £3,000,000 in personalty, to say nothing of his vast mineral and agricultural property in Glamorganshire and elsewhere. To Miss Talbot the bulk of this vast fortune went.

Mr. Robert W. Dewitt

An Exempt Fireman of Jackson Engine Co., Long Island City, N. Y., says that at Christmas, 1890, he could only take a small of dinner, as he was in a fearful condition from **Dyspepsia.** The next summer he went to Europe for his health, but came home uncured. In the fall he decided upon a thorough trial of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And by Christmas had a hearty appetite, healthy digestion, and was perfectly well. His cure was due wholly to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache. Try them.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

Have You Tried

MILK GRANULES WITH CEREALS.

It is the Best Infant Food,

being a combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE

BARGAINS

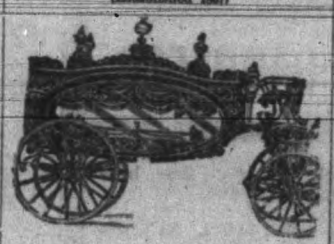
FOR JANUARY.

14 yds Canton Flannel for $1.
7 yds. Grey Flannel for $1.
6 yds. White Flannel for $1.
14 yds. Flannelette for $1.
12 yds. Toweling for $1.
15 yds. White Calico for $1.
Women's Heavy Wool Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Women's Cashmere Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Children's Heavy Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.
Bed Comforts, 75c. each.
Grey Blankets, $2 a pair.
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
One more Case of those 50c. Corsets, worth 6c.

J. Horner & Co.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)



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FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

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FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

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Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

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FARM FOR SALE,

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 8 Third street, Victoria. tfm29

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For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasses which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.

417 Hastings street, Vancouver.

1894—B. No. 1.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

Between the Brackman & Ker Milling Company, Limited Liability, Plaintiffs, and William Jordan, Defendant.

To the Defendant:

Take notice that by writ of summons issued in the above styled cause, and dated the 4th day of January instant, the plaintiff's claim against you the sum of $2,516.39 as the maker of two promissory notes for $1,000 each, dated 24th February, 1893, respectively, payable on demand, with interest at ten per cent. per annum, and for the balance due for the price of goods sold and delivered, full particulars of which appear upon the indorsement of said writ.

And further take notice that by order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake dated this day, service of a copy of said writ was ordered to be effected by leaving a copy thereof with your wife in the City of Victoria, and by sending a copy thereof and of the said order by a prepaid registered post letter addressed to you at Seattle, Wash., U.S.A., and by inserting an advertisement for four days in the Victoria Daily Times newspaper of the institution of the said action and of the said order and that you are required to appear to the said writ at Victoria within eight days from the first of such advertisements otherwise the action will proceed against you by default.

Dated this 8th day of January, A.D. 1894.

Yours &c.,

H. B. W. ARKMAN,

of the firm of Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, 20 Bastion street, Victoria, Plaintiff's Solicitor. 18-4t

1894.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY is beyond all question the leading journal in America, in its splendid illustrations, in its corps of distinguished contributors, and in its vast army of readers. In special lines, it draws on the highest order of talent, the men best fitted by position and training to treat the leading topics of the day. In fiction, the most popular story-writers contribute to its columns. Superb drawings by the foremost artists illustrate its special articles, its stories, and every notable event of public interest; it contains portraits of of the distinguished men and women who are making the history of the time, while special attention is given to the Army and Navy, Amateur Sports, and Music and the Drama, by distinguished experts. In a word, Harper's Weekly combines the newest features of the daily paper and the artistic and literary qualities of the magazine with the solid critical character of the review.

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On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
Premium No. 1, Chocolate,
Vanilla Chocolate,
German Sweet Chocolate,
Cocoa Butter.

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

This is a food you can depend on

Johnston's Fluid Beef.

You cannot get as much nourishment in as small a compass in any other form.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

THEY ARE FLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

DELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rick and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all disease arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1 00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-27

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. I. D. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

1y20

A Story of George Sand.

A discussion arose one day about the best work of a singularly vapid and dull sister, who had, I know not how, gained the privilege of being introduced to a attentive audience gathered together, "tour de la table."

"There is no doubt," remarked Mme. Sand, "that all of it is not good to the one degree, but it contains at least a deription of Venice that pleases me gatly." Several of us agreed with her, ahit we were under the impression that wad already met with this descriptive pie somewhere.

"Gad, I know where!" suddenly exclimed her son, and off he rushed to the bookshves to get "La derniere Aldini," wire, with a feeling of indignation at theplagirist, we found the very descriptio which had been copied almost word forword

"That is this by me?" Mme. Sand repeed, aounded and startled. "I had pa lea of it. After all, it is really not so ad."

Ever was any modesty more sincere tha hers; and no human being was ever leseself-conscious.—Century.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Biliousness should not be neglected. To keep the blood pure it is necessary to take open exercise and keep the digestive organs free and the system regular. A doctor sizes for a health-giving laxative the use of Delajay's Liver Lozenges.

RAMSON'S SECRET,

A TALE OF THE NORTHWEST.

BY ALICK BEGG.

One afternoon in the summer of 1868 I was standing leaning against the door of George Emmerling's tavern looking at a strange encounter which was taking place before me. A short, wiry and wicked young Irishman named "Jimmy from Cork," armed with a poplar fence pole was doing his best to hammer the brains out of a powerful halfbreed named Shawman. The latter was on horseback, but unarmed, and as Jimmy's blows came down thick and fast, he managed by his superior horsemanship to avoid them. He probably knew that one blow of Jimmy's pole, if it struck him, would be a settler, and therefore he divided his attention between dodging the blows and trying to ride Jimmy down. The antics of the two men were laughable, and I was enjoying the sport when Shawman suddenly turned his horse and fled, shouting back as he went that he would return immediately and kill Jimmy.

At this moment a soft voice at my elbow remarked: "Wicked little devil that!"

"Wicked and treacherous," I replied, turning and recognizing the speaker. "We haven't seen the last of it."

"Shooting?" queried my friend.

"Yes," I said. "Jimmy is off for his gun."

"And Shawman?"

"Oh! probably he'll come back with a crowd."

Sure enough, in less than half an hour Shawman appeared in front of the tavern with a number of his friends and began shouting for Jimmy.

Now the irascible little Irishman had had time to cool off, and while he had armed himself with a couple of revolvers, he was not anxious to shoot unless compelled to. He knew the consequences that would follow a shooting scrape, and dare-devil though he was he had sense enough to act prudently.

As Shawman and his friends shouted his name he came out from behind a building, where he had been reconnoitering, and with a pistol in each hand faced the crowd.

The halfbreeds were not in the habit of carrying their guns around with them when in the village, so that Jimmy found himself opposed to numbers, while he had the shooting irons.

As he came out in the open he was quickly surrounded, and only by turning round and round with his two pistols aimed before him and ready to shoot could he keep the crowd off. One shot would have been the end of Jimmy, for they would have rushed in, overpowered and killed him.

For a few moments the scene was an exciting one, and our sympathies were certainly on the side of Jimmy, but no one offered to interfere. We were far more interested in watching to see which side would win. Possibly if Jimmy had been overpowered friends would have rushed in to his rescue.

But the little wild Irishman had one friend who did not wait for such a denouement. A man who was a little afraid of Jimmy's pistols as he was of the halfbreeds who surrounded him made his appearance. Mr. A. G. B. Bannatyne happened to be sorting furs in his storehouse when the noise of what was happening outside attracted his attention.

Going out, he took in the situation at a glance, and without hesitation walked over and pushing his way through the excited crowd of halfbreeds, approached Jimmy and demanded the pistols, at the same time assuring him that he would guarantee his safety. The little Irishman at once, without a word, handed his pistols to Mr. Bannatyne, who, turning round to the halfbreeds, spoke a few words to them, and then quietly led Jimmy into the store-house. The whole thing was done coolly, with quiet determination, and in less time than it has taken to tell it.

The halfbreeds, after losing their prey, became maddened, and rushed against the door of the store-room where Jimmy was to break it in; but on Mr. Bannatyne again appearing they finally quieted down and repairing to a saloon kept by one Larsen they got gloriously drunk, Shawman spending the night in the lockup at Fort Garry.

"Great nerve!" said the soft voice of my friend, still at my elbow, as Mr. Bannatyne interfered in Jimmy's behalf.

"Yes," I said; "there is not a man in the settlement who would have done what Bannatyne did just now."

"Let's have a drink," said my friend, and George Emmerling, or "Dutch George," as he was called, added one shilling sterling to his day's receipts.

My friend with the soft voice was named Ramson, and how he came to be in the settlement is thus told:

A few weeks previous to the row between "Jimmy from Cork" and Shawman a band of horsemen, with every appearance of being wild cowboys, fully armed and mounted, some on sleek mules and others on good horses, dashed into the village of Winnipeg. At first the citizens thought that a raid was being made on the place, but where the approaching riders hailed from no one could guess. However, all doubt and axiety was soon set at rest by the cavalcade of horsemen halting before Dutch George's house, dismounting and calling for drinks all round. This settled all apprehension as to their hostile intentions.

It appears they were a party of miners who had come over the plains from the mountains and were driving with them a herd of cattle for some Red River traders. This accounted for their cowboy appearance. Rough outwardly they certainly were, but in behavior we found them quiet and orderly, yet quick to resent an insult, ever ready to help a friend or protect the weak. Ramson was the most remarkable man in the party, with his cool manner and soft voice. His rough mode of life had not been able to efface a certain air of refinement and gentlemanly bearing evidently natural to him. He was known to be a most determined man when occasion arose, and as courageous as determined, but his quiet manner and soft voice deceived many as to his true character.

He seemed to take a fancy to me from the first day we met, and more than once he had iterfered on my behalf, on one occasion with the same Shawman whose fight with Jimmy I have described. Shawman was of herculean frame and great strength, a perfect bully, but as great a coward as he was strong. He disliked and used threats against me, but when he found Ramson on my side he what we called "wilted."

"Come," said Ramson, when we had taken our refreshment, "we've had fun enough for one day. Come up to my room; I'm off to-morrow, and I want a chat with you before I go."

"Off!" I exclaimed.

"Yes," he said, "back to the mountains. If I stay I'll be a mossback. Come."

So we went to his room. As he eated himself on the bed and I on the only chair in the room, he said:

"Friend," (thus he always addressed me), "I took a liking to you the first time I saw you. I believe you are straight and if I tell you a secret you'll keep it safe. I want to tell it to some one, and I've chosen you. It's a secret that has proved too much for me to carry alone. Will you hear it?"

"Ramson," I replied, "you have shown yourself to be my friend more than once. If there is anything I can do for you I am ready."

"All I want," said Ramson, "is to keep a secret to share it, as it were, with me. No other man will ever know it from me."

So many years have elapsed—Ramson (this was not his true name) is dead to my knowledge, and other circumstances connected with the story make me feel that it will be no breach of faith to tell it now.

"You have perhaps observed"—commenced Ramson, "that I am somewhat different in several respects from the rest of the boys. They have been brought up to a rough life all their days. I have not. I did not choose my present mode of life—circumstances drove me to it. In early life I had a good home, with every comfort and luxury a boy could wish for. As a young man the influence of my parents and friends placed me in a position of trust which commanded the respect of all who knew me. More than this, I may say that I deserved the respect which my position entitled me to. Many men hold hight places which bying the respect of the world, but they themselves are rotten at heart and undeserving of the high opinion entertained of them. In their case it is the place and not the man that brings respect. I was not one of these, for I endeavored to do my duty and earn the good opinion of my friends. Well, about this time I fell in love, as most young men do, and the girl I loved was one of the sweetest and loveliest beings man could wish for. It was my first and only love. It is the only love that has entered my heart since then. It does not always happen in the case of young men that the girls they love love them. But it did in my case. More than that, our parents favored our marriage, and so you may imagine we were a happy couple. But one day a cloud appeared on the happiness—at least on mine—in the shape of a handsome young stranger who came upon the scene. The first notification of it was through an officious friend (there are ever such), who asked me who the young fellow was whom he had seen walking with my love. (I will not name her, added Ramson). I did not pay much attention to the matter, thinking it was some chance acquaintance, until several of my friends remarked upon the frequent meetings of my intended wife with the mysterious stranger. What puzzled me was that I never met him at her father's house, and this made the mystery more difficult to solve. I resolved then to speak to my love upon the subject and ask her who this young man was whom so many were speaking about. When I put the question my love hesitated and blushed painfully. Then she said: "He is one I have known for years—ever since childhood—but rest assured he can never come between you and me, trust me."

"Would to God those words had proved true! I was not satisfied in my heart—yet how could I refuse to trust her—she who held my whole heart, who was dearer to me than all the world. I determined to banish all thought of the young stranger from my mind. But the meetings between him and my love continued, for I heard of them from my kind friends, but I never happened to be a witness of them myself. Yet I spoke no more on the subject to my love, although I often found her absent-minded and dejected, and could not help feeling that my stranger rival, as I considered him, was the cause.

One evening when I knew her parents were absent from the city on a visit to some friends, and when she would not be likely to expect me, I paid my love a visit. A favorite visitor, I entered the house without calling the servant and entered the room where I knew she was likely to be. My footfall made no noise on the thick carpets as I approached the door, which was partly open. Then a sight met my gaze which drove the blood back from my heart and made me feel for the moment as if the very life drops were frozen within me. There on the sofa reclined a stranger, and my love was kneeling by his side, stroking his hair, and whispering, as I thought, words of endearment.

"God! what I felt at that moment," exclaimed Ramson. "It was worse than hell can ever be." "Softly I turned on my heel," he continued, "and left the house. My rooms were not far distant, and I quickly procured my revolver. Then returning to the house of my love, I waited for my rival to appear. I waited long; it seemed ages to me, but if it had been a lifetime I would have remained. At last he came from the house and walked quickly away. I followed until I saw him enter a well-known gambling hell. I had no difficulty in entering when it became known to the proprietor who I was. But to make a long story short, I found my rival engaged in playing. I took him apart and told him who I was and that I was aware of his visit that evening. Then I abused him with all the vile abuse I could call to mind. I called him a coward, liar, and every epithet calculated to cause a quarrel between us. For some time he stood before me, white as a ghost at my words, but did not attempt to resent them. Then as he was driven beyond forbearance by my abusive words, he struck me. In an instant I pulled my revolver and shot him to the floor. It was a death wound, and as he lay gasping at my feet he looked and beckoned to me. As the crowd of gamblers surged about us I noticed the beseeching look in the dying man's eyes. I bent down, when he whispered in my ear in gasps, "It is all a mistake. I am her brother—a gambler—my father disowned me—it is all my fault—no one to blame—but me. Carry my love to her." Then he closed his eyes and sank back dead.

"There I stood, a murderer. Carry his love to her—me, his murderer. God!

"I rushed from the room. No one attempted to stop me. At first I thought of giving myself up, but then I thought of the disgrace to my parents, so I fled. They were not able in those days to track criminals as they are now, and so I escaped—escaped to the mountains, where I have lived the life of a rover ever since."

"And she?" I asked.

"I never heard," he answered sadly; "I never sought to inquire. They are all dead to me, as I am to them. There now," he added, "you have my secret. I have carried it alone for more than twenty years. It was growing too heavy to bear, and I am glad the load is lightened. They say in the mountains I am a man without fear. So I am; I have courted death, but it never comes to those who court it. I have often felt like turning my gun against myself, but once a murderer is enough for me, though I'll shoot a man on sight in self-defence.

"There now, friend, my story's been a long one; let's go down and tak another drink. You'll never see me again after this night."

I never did, as he left the next morning early, but some years afterwards I accidentally heard of his death.

"Jimmy from Cork" and Shawman, I am told, both met violent deaths, the first in a row, the second at the hands of the Sioux Indians on the plains.

IT'S NEVER TOO LATE.

A Mount Forest Man Thought His Case Hopeless—Urged by a Friend, He Made One More Trial for Health—The Happy Result.

Mr. George Friday is a well-known resident of Mount Forest, and among those acquainted with him it is known that he has been a great sufferer from chronic bronchitis, accompanied by a bad cough that used to leave him so weak that he would lie down for hours at a time. Mr. Friday's friends have noticed lately that he has regained his old-time vigor, and in conversation with a reporter of the Confederate a few days ago he was asked to what agency he owed his renewed health. "To the same agency," said Mr. Friday, "that has accomplished so many wonderful cures throughout the country—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For the past three years I have been so ill that I have been able to do but little work. I doctored and tried many remedies with but little or no benefit, and at last I went to the hospital at Brantford, where I remained for some time, and while there I felt somewhat better. The improvement was only temporary, for scarcely had I returned home when I was again as ill as before. I had spent a great deal of money in doctoring without benefit and I felt discouraged and began to look upon my condition as hopeless. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as you can see I have reason to be thankful that I did. After I had taken a number of boxes the cough which had troubled me so much entirely ceased, and I could eat a workingman's hearty meal, but before long I was able to go to work. I am now in excellent health, and believe that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved my life."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of disease, because they build up the blood, driving out all impurities. If given a fair trial they never fail. If your dealer does not keep them they will be sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. There are imitations of these celebrated pills, against which the public are cautioned.

Horse With Educated Taste.

Broome street, near Crosby, were its wonted calm the other morning when a sunburnt mare, whose coat had once been of a bay color, and whose neck had lost the "proud arch," turned the corner, drawing a vendor's ramshackle wagon.

The vendor halted his half-starved horse, threw the reins over a back that was angular as a peaked roof and went into an adjoining store.

Across the way was a sleek, well-fed corsel attached to a peddler's wagon of the kind usually encountered on the country roads, and from which a miscellaneous lot of household goods is sold.

The peddler of these goods came out of the next house, his arms laden with willow-ware. Hastily depositing them in the rear of the wagon, he re-entered the building to carry out more goods of the same kind.

All this time the vendor's mare with the bowed legs was an interested observer of the country peddler's stock. Hardly had the latter re-entered the building when the mare meandered across the road. She stopped in the rear of the peddler's wagon and began to make a meal from a choice assortment of dainty work-baskets and vari-colored baby rattles. She munched away contentedly, swallowing all but the metal whistles of the rattles. In the very midst of her foraging the peddler reappeared with his arms again full of willow-ware.

Taking in the situation at a glance he gave one wild yell of terror, crossed the sidewalk in a bound, and started in to pound the hungry horse. This brought out the vendor. The next minute vendor and peddler were rolling in a heap on the street, while the horse went on quietly eating fancy willow-ware.—New York World.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, **do not despair, do not give up!** Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List** and **be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. J. D. CLARKE, Mer II Block, Detroit, Michigan

Pleasant Vaccination.

Vaccination is now reduced to a petty ceremony, and has been robbed of its ancient impressiveness and scratches. A little bit of plaster, the raising of a tiny blister, unconscious puncture of the blister and insertion of the points without the knowledge of the vaccinee—that is all there is to it. Time was when less than a full moon of pocks bigger than the largest strawberry mark was deemed insufficient to guard the tattooed individual from a scourge just rife enough in this city at the time to justify the vigilance shown by the health department, and the insistence of physicians that families, presumably not exposed, shall resort to the only known means of security.—Chicago Herald.

—That slight cold of which you think so little may lead to serious trouble with the lungs. Avoid this result by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, the best known remedy for colds, coughs, catarrh, bronchitis, incipient consumption and all other throat and lung diseases.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR

BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

PUBLIC NOTICE

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

j11-tf

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable. Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days. Cures

BEFORE LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, Invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature ness means impotency at the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialist of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute, it is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $2.00 a package or 6 packages for $10.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St: San Francisco, Cal.

1894.

Harper's Bazaar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a journal for the home. It gives the fullest and latest information about Fashions; and its numerous illustrations, Paris designs, and pattern-sheet supplements are indispensible alike to the home dress-maker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared to make its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its bright stories, amusing comedies, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. The Serials for 1894 will be written by William Black and Walter Besant. Short stories will be written by Mary E. Wilkins, Maria Louise Pool, Ruth McEnery Stuart, Marion Harland and others. Out-door Sports and In-door Games, Social Entertainment, Embroidery, and other interesting topics will receive constant attention. A new series is promised of "Coffee and Repartee."

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Bazar for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of $1 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

NO. 216.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Municipal Elections for the City of Victoria for the year 1894.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. The nomination of candidates for the respective offices of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Victoria shall take place at the City Hall, in the aforesaid City, on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1894, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p.m.

2. In case more than one candidate for Mayor is nominated the vote of the electors for candidates for the said office shall be taken by ballot in the Court room at the City Hall aforesaid, on Thursday, the 11th day of January, 1894, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

3. In case there are more candidates nominated for the office of Aldermen in any Ward than there are vacancies to fill up, the vote of the electors for the candidates for said office shall be taken by ballot on the 11th day of January, 1894, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., at the respective places following, that is to say:—

For the North Ward, in room numbered 5 and 6, at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street.

For the Central Ward, at Burnes' Block, Bastion Square.

For the South Ward, at No. 27 Government street (east side).

4. The provision of the "Election By-Law," passed 3rd March, 1888, and the schedules thereto, and the "Election Amendment By-Law, 1892," so far as applicable and not inconsistent with this by-law and the Municipal Acts, shall be read with and form part of this by-law.

5. William King Bull, is hereby appointed the Returning Officer at the said elections.

6. The "Municipal Election By-Law, 1893," is hereby repealed.

7. This by-law may be cited as the "Municipal Election By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 11th day of December, A.D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council of the City of Victoria the 18th day of December, A.D. 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
(L. S.) Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 18th day of December, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NO. 217.

A BY-LAW

A By-Law to change the name of a portion of the Saanich Road and to authorize the names of streets situate within the limits of the City of Victoria to be affixed at the corners of the said streets upon either public or private property.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. That the name of that portion of the street now called or known as the Saanich Road, situate within the limits of the City of Victoria which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue, being a continuation of the street known as Douglas street, be and the same is hereby changed to that of Douglas street, and the said portion of Saanich Road which lies between Pembroke street and Tolmie Avenue shall hereafter be called and known as Douglas street.

2. It shall be lawful for the Corporation under the direction of the City Engineer to affix at the corners of any street within the City of Victoria, and either on public or private property boards or other signs with the names of such streets respectively appearing thereon.

3. This by-law may be cited as "The Street Sign By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 20th day of December, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 20th day of December, 1893.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 20 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatzfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

VETERINARY.

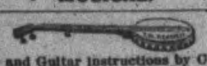
C. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 101 Johnson Strect. Telephone 182; residence telephone 411. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.



BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 75 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block, 2nd flat, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Boss & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection.
JNO. J. AUSTIN, jal3 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each m in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
E. H. SWINERTON,
2-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight is cordially invited to attend.
E. PFEIFFER,
o29 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
K. C. SMITH Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 2, 3 & 5, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Ohase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

If Others Failed
To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.
C. TH. LUNDQUIST
Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,
Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

DR. LEITCH.
Office, Williams' Block, 28 Broad Street; residence 129 Quadra Street; telephone, 181.

NOTICE.

The undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted on behalf of schooners Venture, Penelope, W. P. Sayward, or otherwise, without his written order.
D. URQUHART.
January 6th, 1894. j9-1w

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 12th AT 8 O'CLOCK.
The great Comedy Drama, in four acts, entitled
"STRIFE"
—BY—
Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society,
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney and His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Beaven, for the benefit of the B. C. Benevolent Society, whose object is solely for the benefit of the poor, without regard to creed, color or nationality. SPECIAL FEATURE—GREAT FIRE SCENE. Admission 25c., 50c., 75c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's Bookstore. j8-4t

A. O. F. DANCE
will be held on
Tuesday, January the 16th
IN ASSEMBLY HALL.
Tickets may be obtained from the following: H. Walter, Speed Bros., Watson & Hall, A. B. Erskine and members of committee. Music by Richardson's orchestra. Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, $1.50. j6-td

THEATRE ROYAL
(PHILHARMONIC HALL.)
AS FAMILY THEATRE.
SCOTT McALLISTER....Business Manager.
WILL CHAPMAN.....Stage Manager.
Every Evening at 8.
Saturday, Matinee at 2.
MONDAY, TUESDAY, Jan. 8-9
The Melo-Drama
Shadows of a Great City
Wednesday, Jan. 10,
"JACK O' DIAMONDS,"
Prices, 25c., 35c. and 50c. Matinee 10c., 20c. and 30c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's bookstore. d22-1m

GRAND
Masquerade * Ball
To be given at the Telegraph Hotel, Saturday night, January 13th. Tickets, 50 cents. The public is cordially invited. j11-3t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Good strong girl to do general housework in family, high wages. Apply 117 View street. j10-3t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6mew

WANTED—A Barber; apply 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n29-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-20t-o11

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By young Englishman, situation as coachman; good experience with horses. Address O., Times office. j11-3t

BOARD AND LODGING.

WANTED—At once a nice furnished room, James Bay. Address W., Times office. j11-2

TO LET adjoining Government Buildings, first class bedrooms with use of sitting room and fire. 63 Superior street, James Bay.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Royal Saloon. Apply at 40 Quadra street. j3-1m

FARM FOR SALE Or Exchange for city property. Apply Shore's Hardware Store, 57 Johnson St. ja 11-1mo

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf
(Colonist copy.)

FOR RENT—That beautifully situated residence on MacGregor Avenue, containing 8 rooms, bath and closets. This house commands one of the best views in Victoria. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.'s Office. d26-1m

TO LET—A residence of twelve rooms. Occupied recently for lodging and boarding house, 136 Johnson street, containing a cellar of one hundred feet long, with walls three feet wide and nine feet high, of solid stone, with a fine malt kiln of iron and brick in the rear of the cellar, directly at the side of Bunster's brewery; the kiln could be used either for malting or other drying purposes. Rent to suit the times. Apply upon the premises to Mr. John Leahy for information. The residence can be had separately from the cellar, which is suitable for any kind of dry storage, having a cement floor and perfectly dry, etc. d23

TO LET—Nine-roomed 2-storey house; large garden; near sea and cars; rent low. 224 Simcoe street, between Montreal and St. Lawrence streets, James Bay. d21-1m

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A lot or house and lot for cash. "Cash," Times office. j10-3

SUITS TO ORDER—from $16.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

PANTS TO ORDER—from $4.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc17

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, sweeney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Sold by Langley &

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
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The Daily Times.

THE NEW COUNCIL.

The people of Victoria yesterday declared most emphatically for a change of mayor. From the size of Mr. Teague's majority it seems quite apparent that the ruling motive was not so much fault found with Mr. Beaven as a general feeling of discontent, which vented itself on the nearest object. But, whatever the cause, the citizens have only exercised their sovereign right, and no objection can be raised to the action they chose to take. Fortunately there is no reason, so far as at present appears, to fear any evil result, for Mr. Teague is likely to make a very good mayor, as the Times has said more than once. As between the two, we preferred Mayor Beaven, largely for the reason that he has an intimate knowledge of the city's affairs, and has undoubtedly shown himself a very faithful conservator of the city's interests. We do not suppose for one moment that the many voters who left Mr. Beaven's side and supported Mr. Teague paid any attention to the absurd claim of superiority put forward in the latter's behalf. It can only be said that if they did so they laid up for themselves a large measure of disappointment, for the new mayor is no worker of miracles, and cannot possibly accomplish all that has been promised for him. We fully expect to see him doing good service to the city and taking his full share in the execution of needed improvements, but we submit that it is not at all fair to expect fairy transformations from any man in the mayor's chair. The citizens must realize that their own active co-operation is necessary in the work and that not only their money but their personal interest is called for. The sewers can be constructed, the water supply improved, the streets paved and the lighting put in proper condition if the people are willing to vote the money and show their determination to see that all these things are done after an intelligent and economical system. Failing the performance of the citizens' legitimate part of the work, the new mayor and council will be perfectly helpless, and it will be very unfair if in that case they are held responsible. So far as can now be judged, there is no reason to suppose that the new council will not look well after the city's business. The aldermanic board promises well, though we must say an improvement would have been made if Ald. Baker had been left off. The worthy tail-ender from the North ward, however, seems to have had his teeth pretty well drawn, and to have been left with little power for mischief. To sum up, the Times has no serious fault to find with the result of the elections of yesterday; for we believe it secures the city a fair promise of good management for the coming year.

WOMEN AND VOTES.

With reference to the late municipal elections and prohibition vote in Toronto the Globe says: "One of the instructive features of yesterday's voting was that out of the 5,000 women who have the right to the franchise in Toronto 886 availed themselves of it. Even of this number many could not be prevailed on to go to the polls unless cabs were placed at their disposal. This was all the more remarkable because a moral question, one which it was understood the women were particularly interested in, was to be voted on. And still the wonder grows when we find that even of those who voted nearly 28 per cent. cast their ballots in favor of the liquor traffic. To those who have looked to the woman vote to be the regenerating influence in elections these figures will likely be a disappointment. The idea of providing a different colored ballot for the women appears to have been a happy one, as it afforded an opportunity of estimating the strength of this element in municipal elections. The inference to be drawn from the facts would seem to be that but few women are really anxious to have the privilege of voting." This inference is a very safe one. It is supported not only by the results in Toronto, but by the experience of other places where woman suffrage has been tried. At first the novelty of possessing the franchise may secure its exercise by the fairer sex, but nowhere do the great majority keep up their interest in political affairs to such a pitch that they will voluntarily take the trouble of voting. There are of course a few of the stronger-minded who furnish exceptions to the rule, but it is probable that even these would subside if they were given the privilege they clamor for. At present they thrive under the thought that they are martyrs to the tyrannical exclusiveness of the horrid male person. Therefore it would perhaps be the best solution of the woman suffrage question to confer the privilege of voting upon the women, for they would then in nearly all cases avoid the trouble of using it.

WE AND OUR NEIGHBORS.

The Montreal Gazette gravely contends that Canada has not suffered from the commercial and financial disaster so severely as the States because "protection has done what was expected of it." It must surely take its readers for a lot of credulous asses if it expects them to believe this, especially after its own summary of the circumstances which saved Canada is given in this way: "It is said that Canada suffered from no financial inflation, such as that which, bursting, strewed Australia's commercial seas with wrecks. It is pointed out that her rulers had not been led away by any such heresy as led the United States congress to undertake the task of maintaining a fifty-seven cent silver coin on a parity with one worth a hundred cents in gold. It is shown that in Canada there has been no occasion for a tariff scare such as has thrown uncertainty over the commercial field in the United States. It is asserted that the Canadian banking system is a superior one, conservatively managed, adapting itself to the demands of trade and rightly enjoying the confidence of the people." If to all this the Gazette had added the fact that Canada is as yet comparatively undeveloped and has a chance to expand, while the United States has already commenced to feel the constriction to which over-crowding lands in numerous districts, it would have offered a fairly complete explanation. But it would seem that the Gazette and the Dominion ministers are at variance on this point. If "protection" has given us comparative immunity from depression, it would seem the height of folly to remove or lower any duties, especially those which affect trade with our severely depressed neighbors. Yet Sir John Thompson has announced that his government is prepared to follow congress step by step in the removal of such duties, in order that trade between the two countries may be encouraged.

Ministers at High Pressure.

The pressure upon ministers, of which we spoke the other day, is beginning to find utterance. Two ministers made extra-parliamentary speeches yesterday, and each declared himself the hardest-worked man in the world. Certainly it would be hard to beat Lord Herschell's record. During the whole of this year he has (he said) had no holiday at all. There have been only three days, literally, in the whole year in which he has not been hard at work, and on many days working 10, 11, 12, and 13 hours. "There is a point," he added, "beyond which human nature cannot endure."

But Lord Rosebery is not to be outdone. If the lord chancellor is worked up to the limit of human endurance, the foreign secretary holds an office "much too heavy for any one man to bear." Lord Herschell works his 10, 12 or 13 hours a day, but for Lord Rosebery also "the eight-hour day seems only a dream and a golden vision."

Finally, the foreign secretary finds it necessary to lead an "almost monastic life." But as for the lord chancellor, there is no monastic seclusion for him; he is pursued by the cares of state even into the privacy of his dressing room! "From the time," he said, "that I come here in the morning until the time that I leave in the evening I have not a moment unoccupied. I am occupied with my secretary while I am at my lunch, and very often receive deputations during that period. I am occupied with my secretaries while I am dressing." How will Lord Rosebery cap the dressing room?—Westminster Gazette.

Liquid Air for Export.

In connection with the forthcoming lectures at the Royal Institute on "Air, gaseous and liquid," it may be mentioned that Prof. Dewar has successfully conveyed a considerable quantity of liquid air from London to Cambridge, where it was appropriately exhibited at Peterhouse, the college which must always be associated with the great scientific work of Cavendish. The liquid air was carried in one of the double glass flasks with which the readers of the Times are now tolerably familiar, the space between the inner and outer flask containing nothing but extremely attenuated mercurial vapor, together with a little liquid mercury. On pouring liquid air into the inner flask its outer surface is rapidly covered with mercurial film of extreme thinness, forming a reflecting surface highly impervious to radiant heat. As soon as this is formed the whole apparatus is packed in solid carbonic acid, which at once freezes the liquid mercury, arrests the deposit upon the mirror, reduces the mercurial vapor to an infinitesimal quantity, forms an almost perfect vacuum, and supplies an envelope 80 degrees below zero. Thus protected, the liquid air reached Cambridge with only a trifling loss of bulk, notwithstanding the incessant jolting of the railway. The protective power of the high vacuum and the mercurial mirror will be better appreciated if it be borne in mind that the difference of temperature between liquid air and solid carbonic acid is the same as between ice and boiling water.—London Times.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The C. P. R. station at Qu'Appelle was destroyed by fire.

The Manitoba Legislature was opened on Thursday.

The sixth case of smallpox in Hamilton has been reported. The patient is a four months' old infant.

An exceptionally large gold brick reached Rat Portage this week from the Suitana mine. Its value exceeded $1500.

David Robillard, a Grand Trunk trackman, was run over and killed at Montreal. He leaves a widow and eight children.

Reports are current that the Ontario elections will be held shortly. The Toronto World says that they will be held within 30 days.

Several of ex-Premier Mercier's friends are authority for the statement that he has decided to seek election as chief magistrate of Montreal.

The condition of Rev. Dr. Douglas is much improved, and hopes are entertained that, unless unforeseen complications arise, he will soon recover.

Rev. Duncan Morrison, D. D., for over quarter of a century pastor of Knox church, Owen Sound, and one of the most prominent Presbyterian ministers in Canada, is dead, aged 77.

A fire destroyed Thompson's block at the corner of Main and Forest streets, Yarmouth, occupied by a number of business places; loss, $18,000; insurance, $7000.

The firm of Shera & Co., general storekeepers at Port Arthur assigned to H. Barber & Co., Toronto. The liabilities aggregate about $20,000, and among the creditors are several Toronto houses.

General Manager Stout of the Dominion Express Company, left for Vancouver on receipt of a dispatch stating that his brother, J. P. Stout, the Vancouver agent of the company, had accidentally shot himself.

A daring robbery was committed in the jewelry store of M. Cochenthaler, on St. James street, Montreal. The thieves cut through the staircase in adjoining premises which gave them ingress to the rear of Cochenthaler's store. They got away with some $3000 worth of diamonds, bracelets, and pendants, as well as other jewelry.

Private advices received from London, England, gave information that the Winnipeg Gas Company had failed to meet its interest debt, and would default. One gentleman, who represents some of the English bondholders, called on the president of the company to ascertain if his cable advices were true. He was informed that his information was correct.

The verdict of the coroner's jury in the Williams murder case was rendered as follows: "That James and Eliza Williams were foully murdered and that William McWhirrell and John Walker are guilty of the murder, and George Butcher is an accessory after the fact." Cory, the hired man, was honorably discharged. The jury sat for nearly two hours.

A fire again visited Regina, the northwest capital, on Thursday morning. The principal losers are: W. Pettingel, druggist, who lost everything; A. McCarthy, whose large stock of gents' furnishings was thrown out on the street, the building being saved; and W. C. Kelly, whose building was saved and the stock slightly damaged. These three losers were burned out last November in the Bridge street fire.

A terrible accident occurred on the bay at the foot of York street, Toronto, where a party of boys were skating about 100 yards from the shore on dangerous ice. A boy named Owens went through and a comrade named Coombs plunged in to his rescue. Both were drowned, and also an unknown boy. As one of the bodies was being landed, the Toronto Canoe Club's landing stage, on which a score of people were crowded collapsed and all were plunged into the icy water. Two other people who were on the platform are missing, and it is believed were drowned, making five altogether, including G. Dunk, a restaurant waiter.

A terrible snow storm raged at Winnipeg for several hours on Wednesday night. The day was very mild; but about eight in the evening a gale set in from the west and the streets were soon deserted. This morning two deaths were reported from the storm in the Winnipeg district. Robert Miles, a respectable farmer of Headingly district, was found near the church at that place frozen to death, having evidently lost his way. James McChorister, a character well known to the city police, was found dead on the banks of the Red river with a bottle of whiskey beside him. He had been drunk and lay down to sleep. There was no damage from wind in the city, but at Lethbridge, Alberta, the wind wrecked the new skating rink and overturned several empty flat cars.

Nelson and Canada.

The attempt to wreck Nelson's monument in Montreal has drawn the attention of many writers to the visit of the hero of Trafalgar to this country. It was in 1782 that duty brought him to Quebec. He was then in his 24th year, and had but recently returned from the frigid region of the Baltic, where he had commanded the Albemarle frigate, 24 guns. He arrived at Bic in July, and in due course at Quebec. There he remained for some weeks, when he departed on a cruise along the American coast, and returned to Quebec on September 17th, "knocked up with scurvy," to use his own words. The sickness of his crew compelled him to remain at Quebec for some time, and it was not until October 14th that he was able to take his final departure from the St. Lawrence.

It was during this interval that there occurred one of the most romantic incidents of his life. The story is related by Mr. Henry J. Morgan of Ottawa, the well-known historian and proprietor of the Annual Register. Mr. Morgan says that Nelson fell a victim to the charms of Miss Mary Simpson, the daughter of a Quebec merchant, in which city she was born in 1766 or 1767. She was about sixteen at the time of Nelson's visit, and is reputed not only to have possessed "marvellous beauty," but likewise mental gifts of a high order. One old lady, Mrs. Harrower, speaking of her, said: "If Mary Simpson was not the most beautiful girl in Quebec, she was at any rate the handsomest that I have ever beheld." She seems to have acquired a complete ascendancy over the head and heart of the young post captain, and also others, including the estimable gentleman who afterwards became her husband, Col. Robert Matthews, long the military secretary in Canada to Lord Dorchester and other governors, and for some years prior to his death holding the post of governor of the Chelsea hospital. The climax of Nelson's infatuation is thus related:

"When the Albemarle, on October 14, was ready for sea, Captain Nelson had taken his leave and had gone down the river to the place where the men-of-war usually anchored, but the next morning, as Mr. Alexander Davison was walking on the beach, he saw Nelson coming back to his boat. On reaching the landing-place the former anxiously demanded the cause of his friend's return. 'Walk up to your house,' replied Nelson, 'and you will be made acquainted with the cause.' He then said: 'I find it utterly impossible to leave this place without again waiting on her whose society has added so much to its charms and laying myself and my fortune at her feet.' Mr. Davison earnestly remonstrated with him on the consequences of so rash a step. 'Your utter ruin,' he said, 'situated as you are at present, will inevitably follow.' 'Then let it follow,' said Nelson, 'for I am resolved to do it.' A severe altercation then ensued, but Mr. Davison's firmness eventually prevailed with Nelson, who, with no very good grace, relinquished his purpose, and suffered himself to be led back to his boat. It is perhaps useless now to speculate on what would have been the consequences had not Mr. Davison's friendly counsel prevailed with Nelson in his reckless infatuation. We have only to erase from the annals of our country the four great naval actions, St. Vincent, the Nile, Copenhagen and Trafalgar, to form some idea of our probable loss."

That Nelson did not forget what he owed personally to his determined friend was frequently proved in after years. Removing to London, Davison became a naval agent and banker and commissariat contractor, in all of which positions Nelson's great influence was exerted in his favor. Of the fair Quebecker who inspired so passionate a regard in the heart of one of Britain's most illustrious sons, the record shows that, yielding at length to Col. Matthews' ardent proposals, she joined him in England, where they were married. There in London she continued to reside for the remainder of her days, enjoying in amplest measure the respect and esteem of all. She survived many years her early admirer, her death occurring in London not before she had reached her seventieth year. Officers of distinction who had served in Canada, including his royal highness the Duke of Kent, the Queen's father, and Canadians on a visit to the mother country, were in the habit of calling for the purpose of paying their respects to her up to the last, and on such occasions the Belle of Stadacona was accustomed to make particular inquiries touching old friends and old scenes in the land of her nativity.

American Money.

New York, Jan. 11.—After a rather weak opening and decline of 1-4 to 3-4 per cent., the stock market showed a little more strength owing to the rise in American Sugar from 80 5-8 to 82 1-4. This led to some covering in Western Union and other prominent stocks and the early loss was regained. Northern Pacific issues were the local features of the day. The common sold down to 4 1-4; preferred, to 13 7-8. The foreigners sold these securities probably on the letter of Receiver Rouse, which shows that the immediate necessities of the company are greater than had at first been supposed. Louisville & Nashville declined from 43 3-4 to 41 3-4 from the general belief that the company would pass the dividend. This was subsequently confirmed. The statement of the company, issued by the directors late today, showed a surplus of $1,108,102 for the six months ending Dec. 1, 1893, against $1,045,521; for the same period last year. Atchison, General Electric, Union Pacific, Western Union, the Grangers, the Coalers and Whiskey were all quite weak during the afternoon. The decline in the stock ranged from 1-2 to 3 per cent., and was most pronounced in Lackawanna, which fell from 167 to 164, on sales of 100 shares of stock. In the final dealings there was a rally of 1-8 to 1 3-8 per cent., due to the covering of "short" contracts. The market left off firm. Closing bids: Atchison, 10 1-2; Burlington & Quincy, 71 3-8; Canada Southern, 48; Canadian Pacific, 72 1-4; Central Pacific, 14; Chicago, Cincinnati & Cleveland, 31 5-8; Delaware & Lackawanna, 164; Erie, 14; Wells Fargo, 122; Great Northern, preferred, 16; Lake Shore, 124; Louisville & Nashville, 42 1-4; Missouri Pacific, 20 1-2; New York Central, 97; North American, 3 3-8; Northern Pacific, 4 1-4; Northern Pacific, preferred, 14 3-4; Northwestern, 99; do. preferred, 137; Oregon Navigation, 7; Oregon Improvement, 13; Pacific Mail, 14; Reading, 18 1-8; Southern Pacific, 21; St. Paul, 58 1-8; Texas Pacific, 7 3-4; Union Pacific, 17 3-4; Western Union, 83 7-8. Union Pacific firsts of 1895, 102 bid; Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 102 1-4 bid. The sales of listed stocks to-day aggregate 123,034 shares, and of unlisted stocks 17,507 shares.

Parnell Was Superstitious.

A little light is thrown on the somewhat mystical character of the late Mr. Parnell by some curious stories which are told by T. M. Healy in the Westminster Gazette. A superstitious strain seemed, says Mr. Healy, to thread its way through the Irish leader's mind like a vein of marble. When he was a boy he had an old nurse, a Mrs. Tuppeny, who scared him with horrible stories, and he never got over it. He would commence no important business on a Friday; he started if anyone offered to spill him to salt, and he would drink no wine at table unless the decanter came round from right to left.

These foibles affected even the legislation he sought to compass. When he and Maurice Healy had together drafted in Kilmainham jail the amending land bill afterward brought in by Mr. Gladstone, he discovered that the final draft contained thirteen clauses and threw it on the table as if he had been stung. "This will never do," he said stoutly; and Mr. Healy could not move him till it was late in the afternoon, just how approached, and another day's delay might prevent the draft reaching the Queen's Printer in London in time for distribution to members before the second reading. A hasty dissection of the bill was made, but only to disclose that it could not well be shorn of a clause. What could be hit upon? Then, in bewilderment and anxiety, stood statesman and draughtsman in Her Majesty's prison at Kilmainham, eyeing each other in despair in the darkening cell as the minutes to post hour slipped away.

At last a gleam flashed from Mr. Parnell's eye, half ironical, half triumphant. "I have it," said he. "Add those clauses of yours and the will get out of the difficulty!" Thus were the fears of Mrs. Tuppenny saved from desecration.

Without Doubt

London Hospital Cough Cure is THE remedy for Coughs and Colds.

COCHRANE & MUNN,

Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—New plush mantel borderings at Weller Bros., very pretty colors.

—Repairs are being made to Stanley street, between North Chatham and Bodwell.

—Account books, copying books and presses, offices supplies at the regular reduced prices at Johnston's book store.

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Mrs. C. Elliott has opened the London Lodging House after thorough renovation and now offers for rent rooms single or in suite at reasonable rates by the day or week.

—An important meeting was to have convened at 4 o'clock this afternoon at Cathedral schools. The diocesan fund will be discussed and Bishop Perrin will preside.

—Mr. Speaker Higgins has issued the usual invitations "to the opening of the provincial parliament in the legislative hall, Victoria, on Thursday, the 18th inst., at 3 p. m."

—R. W. Fawcett, Anton Henderson and P. W. Dempster have been chosen delegates from Columbia lodge, I. O. O. F., to the grand lodge meeting at Vancouver next month.

—The children of St. John's church had a festival last evening, including a Christmas tree, magic lantern show and a musical programme. They were out in force and had an enjoyable time.

—Final arrangements were concluded last evening for the dance to be given by Court Vancouver, A. O. F., in Assembly hall on Tuesday next. The Richardson orchestra will furnish the music.

—Charles A. Beals, James Stokes and Geo. Hartley of Vancouver have incorporated the Pacific Brick Co., with a capital of $20,000. They will carry on business as dealers in brick, tile and terra cotta.

—The Miner Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd., has been incorporated by Clive Phillipps Wolley, Robert A. Renwick and Horace E. Newton. The capital stock is $10,000, and the principal place of business of the company is Victoria.

—Grand Chancellor Austie of the Knights of Pythias of British Columbia arrived in Victoria last night from Vancouver. A joint convention of the local lodges will be held to-night, and a banquet tendered Mr. Austie at the Hotel Victoria after the meeting.

—The annual meeting of the Oak Bay Improvement Co. was held yesterday afternoon. The committee reported upwards of $10,000 worth of property sold during the year. Officers: President, Major Dupont; secretary, W. D. Macgregor; directors, Major Dupont, J. Turner, J. E. Crane and Beaumont Boggs.

—The K. of P. decided last night to give a charity ball in aid of the poor of the city at some date in February, to be decided on at a later date. The three lodges of the city have combined on the project and will carry it to a successful conclusion. Assembly hall has already ben chosen as the place at which it will be given.

—The entertainment given at Oddfellows' hall, Spring Ridge, by Fernwood lodge, C. O. O. F., was a very successful affair. Mr. Maynard gave an interesting stereopticon exhibition, and Misses Banfield and Brown and A. W. Carter gave the farce "Domestic" in a very amusing manner. The floor was then cleared for dancing. Professor Baird furnished the music.

—"Jack o' Diamonds" was presented at the Theatre Royal last night before a good-sized audience. The piece was rendered in a very creditable way. Messrs. Chapman, McKay, Dunsdale and Misses Marshall and Brown were all good in their respective roles. The theatre fully deserves the very good patronage it has received so far. The play will be presented the rest of the week, with a matinee on Saturday, when Frank Hume will appear with his trained dogs and fire act.

—Rev. Father J. A. Van Nevel of Victoria, B. C., the first grand vice-president of the Young Men's Institute, arrived in the city this afternoon on a visit to the local council, 151, of this city, says the Tacoma News of Thursday. He was met by a committee at the boat and escorted to the rooms of the council and then driven around the city, and visited the hospital, convent and local priests. This evening he will be banqueted at the Hotel Chilberg by the members and afterwards adjourn to the hall, where the regular meeting of the institute will be held. The reverend father leaves to-night for Ellensburgh, where he makes an official visit to that council.

—The Victoria Choral Society held a rehearsal last night.

—Victoria lodge, K. of P., initiated several candidates last night.

—Ernest Slim is still in jail at Tacoma, having failed to secure bail.

—We have the finest stock of wall papers in the province. Weller Bros.

—R. M. Palmer, of Hall's Prairie, has been gazetted inspector of fruit pests.

—There was a pleasant social and dance at Fairall's hall, Victoria West, last night.

Chenille table covers (in all sizes) have been received by Weller Bros., and are selling away down.

—Canton Victoria, No. 1, P. M., will meet to-morrow evening in full dress uniform. Two initiations.

—Have you tried the Perfection granite iron ware? If not, Weller Bros. will show you what it is.

—The first meeting of the new city council will be held on Monday night. The meeting will be formal.

—The mayor and aldermen-elect will be sworn in to-morrow forenoon at 11 by one of the supreme court judges.

—The Young Ladies' Institute has issued invitations for an "at home" to be given in Harmony Hall on Thursday, Jan. 18th.

—It took Returning-officer Bull and his assistants a little over an hour to count the votes for mayor, upwards of 1,500, yesterday afternoon. Very quick work.

—Mrs. C. Elliott has opened the London Lodging House after thorough renovation and now offers for rent rooms single or in suite at reasonable rates by the day or week.

—John Gardner has been appointed superintendent of the Poultry Association show. The date of opening has been changed to Feb. 7th to secure the services of a leading American judge.

—Saturday the Victoria footballers and a team captained by Mr. McKinnon of the Garnet will play a friendly match at Beacon Hill in the event of the Westminster-Victoria match being cancelled.

—The undertaking firm of Hanna & Taylor has been dissolved, and Mr. Hanna, who has just returned from the east, will take sole charge of the business. Mr. Taylor retires from the firm.

—Many complaints were made yesterday about names not being on the voters' lists, but in most cases it was found on investigation that those complaining had neglected to pay part or all of their taxes.

—The bark Harold will clear from the Fraser river, not San Francisco as stated yesterday, for the United Kingdom. She has a cargo of 63,000 cases of salmon, valued at about $283,500. This is the largest of the ten salmon cargoes sent to England this season.

—The following has been handed the Times: "A bets B that Vancouver Island is not in Canada. Please decide the bet and oblige a friend." Vancouver Island is in Canada, and A loses his money. He deserves it for being so ignorant of his country's geography.

—The tickets for Aunt Samantha's reception, to be held in the Temperance hall next Wednesday evening, are selling rapidly. The W. C. T. U. and the "Y." have made a happy hit in arranging for this entertainment. The sunflower chorus and the essay on "Girls" are both attractive enough to ensure an audience without Samantha, but when Samantha and her cream cake, which Josiah liked so much, are to be there, there is no doubt that the hall will be crowded.

—A private letter received in the city confirms the news of the burning to death of John Gilmore and his three daughters at their home in Nicola valley and gives further particulars of the appalling fatality. The fire occurred at night, destroying the house. The father and two of the children never left their beds, being suffocated and their bodies burned to a crisp as they lay. The third child's body was found on the floor near the door. She had evidently been aroused and failed in her attempt to get out of the house. The deceased were not related to the Gilmore family of this city, but were very close friends. John Gilmore was very well known here, and his terrible death is deplored.

—The new drill hall was opened last night. There was a large turnout of artillery and the galleries were filled with spectators. The parade was in charge of Lieut.-Col. Prior, M. P., who put the battalion through drill. Afterwards the battalion formed in line and Col. Peters, D. A. G., addressed them. He congratulated the men on the opening of the new drill hall and attributed the praise to Col. Prior, through whose energy the hall had been built. He asked all young and able-bodied men to join the ranks of the artillery, and appealed to the fair sex to exert their influence over their husbands, brothers and sweethearts, for if they were in the drill hall no harm would befall them. Col. Prior also addressed the battalion, approving of the remarks of Col. Peters regarding enlistment, and adding that if the ladies gave their countenance to the artillery there would be no difficulty in getting recruits. Three cheers were given for the Queen and the battalion was dismissed.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia! No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic. These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

THE BOARD RE-ORGANIZED.

School Trustees Enter Upon Their Work for the Year 1894.

The school board met in special session yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, reorganized and began the task of managing the city's educational affairs for 1894. Charles Hayward was re-elected chairman. On taking the seat he made a short address, in which he congratulated the members upon their re-election. He referred to the harmony which prevailed in the board last year and said he felt sure it would continue during its tenure of office. He thanked the members for honoring him with re-election to the chairmanship. The following were named on the committees: Finance, Messrs. Saunders and Lovell; Supply—Messrs. Yates, Marchant and Bishop.

The resignation of Mrs. L. M. Caldwell as a member of the teaching staff was read and accepted.

Letters from W. J. Dowler, city clerk, E. A. Wilmot, city engineer, W. Ridgway Wilson, architect, H. D. Helmcken and Mrs. Winter in regard to the claim for damages on the accident in the open drain at Marvin's hill. The letters were all tabled for future consideration.

A letter was read from Principal Netherby advising a change in the monitors at the boys' central school. The board approved the change. A number of requisitions for supplies were referred to the supply committee.

The chairman, and Trustees Lovell and Marchant were appointed a committee to examine the correspondence with the principal of the Victoria West school regarding school management. The committee will report at the next meeting.

Brief Locals.

—Another of the appeals in the Chinese peddling cases was being heard today in the supreme court.

—Rev. P. H. McEwen of Emmanuel Baptist church conducts the week of prayer meeting in James Bay Methodist church this evening.

—If the Times' telegraph columns are barren of news, blame the telegraph company. The wires have been "down" most of the day, and the readers, like the publisher, must "grin and bear it."

—The pianoforte solos to be played by Miss Agnes Dawson, R. A. M., at the Austin subscription concert next Tuesday evening are, "Liebestraum," Liszt, and "De Forelle," Schubert-Liszt.

—To-night and Saturday night the drill hall will be opened to the public. Field gun drill both evenings. On Tuesday evening the guard of honor for next Thursday's parade will practice.

—W. J. Taylor and F. B. Gregory, on behalf of the defendants, to-day moved a warrant in the case of McConnell vs. Garvin et al. They contended that fraud had not been proved. J. P. Walls appeared for the defense.

—In the police court William D Emery, drunk, was discharged. First offence. Thomas Casey, charged with vagrancy, was discharged. Casey proved that he had been working within the past month. The Nucci assault case was continued until Monday.

Messrs. Cates and McDermott have formed a partnership for the purpose of carrying on business as stevedores. Mr. McDermott to-day severed his connection with the B. C. Stevedoring Company, with which he had been connected for a number of years. Capt. Cates is a well-known steamboat man.

—George Stroebel, brother of Albert Stroebel, confined in the provincial jail under a sentence of death for the killing of John Marshall at Huntingdon on April 19th, is in the city again. Aulay Morrison, counsel for the prisoner, was in the city a few days ago, but it is said it is almost a certainty there will be no intervention from Ottawa and the sentence will be carried out.

—The Prince of Wales saloon stabbing case was heard in the police court today. The case occupied the whole of the morning session and two hours in the afternoon. "Pasco" Bear was charged with aggravated assault upon Henry Grant, colored. The story of the fracas, mentioned already in the Times, as it came out in evidence, was: During the night of the fracas a dozen or more men were in the saloon drinking. Some were drunk and others could not be called sober. In one of the back rooms were three halfbreed women and several men. Drink was supplied, but, the barkeeper affirmed, only to the men. He did not pay any attention as to whether the klootchmen had drink. There was a piano in the back room; a man was playing on it and the women were singing. In the front part of the saloon a man named McNeill picked a quarrel with "Big Joe," an Italian. The two were drunk; they went to the rear of the saloon to fight it out. "Pasco" Bear and another man came to Big Joe's aid and McNeill was soon on the floor. Big Joe and the stranger held him down and "Pasco" Bear was kicking him. Henry Grant, a friend of McNeill, came to his relief, but soon found himself on the ground with Bear over him. Bear held a stiletto in his hand and stabbed Grant six times in the back. The evidence of the physician was that the wounds were only superficial, but had the blade pierced a quarter of an inch further they might have been very serious. The court sentenced Bear to six months' hard labor and a further three months if a fine of $50 was not forthcoming.

The methods and implements used by the Maltese agriculturist are of the most primitive type, according to the Mediterranean Naturalist, and no inducements that the government may offer will tempt him out of the groove in which his forefathers have walked since the days of Jacob. The plow, as a rule, consists of a pointed piece of wood, sometimes shod with iron, and as the cow, ox or mule drags it over the soil the husbandman presses it into the ground and directs its course. The harrow is a branch of the carob or of whatever tree may be nearest at hand.

Marine.

The Prescott, a new schooner built at Port Hadlock at a cost of $6,000 is being fitted out at Port Townsend for a sealing cruise in Japanese waters. She will be commanded by Capt. Burke, formerly of the Retriever, and will carry a white crew.

The Empress of Japan is due here on Tuesday next from Yokohama. She has 1,057 tons of freight aboard, which is distributed as follows: Victoria, 400 tons; Puget Sound and Portland, 300 tons, and Vancouver and overland ports, and 375 tons. She has 20 cabin and 126 steerage passengers.

The steamship Warrimoo, Capt. Perry, will leave for Honolulu, Fiji and Australia on Tuesday next.

The Seattle fishing schooner St. Lawrence leaves to-day for the northern halibut banks.

The Chinese who came over on the Tacoma were admitted by Collector Saunders.

The City of Kingston carried twelve Japanese for Seattle yesterday.

The steamer City of Kingston brought in 80 tons of freight this morning.

LETTER OF THANKS.

To the Editor: Will you kindly allow me space to publicly thank the three hundred and seventy-five voters of the North ward who voted for me? Considering I did not ask a single person to vote for me I think it is something to be proud of. I can only hope the present elected board will improve on the mistakes of the old board, so that at the end of the year we shall hear no complaints of bad streets, foul drains, bad sidewalks and bad light, and that we shall have pure water from Elk lake. With good wishes to the council of 1894.

ED. BRAGG.

PERSONAL.

John Parker went to Tacoma yesterday.

Miss Cambie, of Vancouver, is in the city.

Rev. J. E. Coombs spent yesterday in Seattle.

Prof. T. W. Reamer left for the Sound this morning.

C. T. W. Piper returned from the Sound this morning.

F. S. Barnard returned from the Mainland last evening.

W. L. Ogle, of Toronto, returned from Nanaimo to-day.

Capt. John Irving returned from Vancouver last evening.

Jacob Sehl has been ill for several days, but is recovering.

J. W. Bowes was a passenger up on the Kingston this morning.

Mrs. Hammond, of Port Townsend, is visiting her daughter here.

E. Lobe, the Seattle merchant, arrived in on the Kingston this morning.

P. A. Paulson, Tacoma, and A. R. Tufts, Vancouver, are at the New England.

P. Birrell, of New Westminster is at the Driard. He leaves for California on Sunday.

A. W. Vowell, superintendent of Indian affairs, left for the Mainland this morning.

C. A. Holland and Geo. Byrnes returned on the Premier last evening from Vancouver.

Purser Gillian, formerly of the City of Seattle, is now night clerk on the City of Kingston.

Miss Mitropolsky, who has been visiting Mrs. W. E. George, leaves on Sunday for her home in San Francisco.

Frank Burnett and family, of Seattle, are in the city on their way to Honolulu. They leave here on the Warrimoo on Tuesday.

H. J. Austie, Vancouver, Wm. MacDougall, Toronto, and H. Little, Norfolk, Eng., are among the guests at the Victoria.

M. K. Jones, well known in this city, will probably be made collector of internal revenue for the State of Washington. The position is a lucrative one.

Our Policy for 1894.

We're bound to please,
Just take your ease

On that Score

We'll make to all,
Both great and small

The Same Price

We'll treat you well,
So you will tell

Your Neighbor

We'll aim to keep,
Top of the heap

In Our Line

Our goods will be,
The best you'll see

Anywhere

Are You With Us?

Cameron,
The Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson St.

The virtues of the two staple articles of food,
Beef and Wheat,
combined with the standard tonic
Hypophosphites.
If anything can tone up and strengthen, it is

STAMINAL.

Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by the Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

Dressmaker

Just arrived from San Francisco, with handsome line of Street and Evening Dresses. Orders taken at short notice. Prices reasonable. Clarence Hotel, Room 39 dec26-tf

STADTHAGEN & CARLAND,

The Cheapest Grocers in Victoria,

165½ DOUGLAS STREET, SECOND HOUSE FROM CHATHAM STREET.

*** Flour	$1 25	Clams, 1 tin	$0 25
New Raisins, 3 lbs for	25	Roast Beef, 1 tin	25
New Currants, 3 lbs for	25	Lunch Tongue, 1 tin	30
Mixed Peels, 1 lb for	20	Table Fruit, 1 tin	10
Brackman & Ker's Rolled Oats, sack	35	Candles, 2 for	5
Tea, 1 lb. for	25	Brooms, best, 1 for	20
Coffee, Java, 1 lb for	25	Pratt's Coal Oil, 1 can for	1 55
Reindeer Condensed Milk, 1 can	15	Bacon, 1 lb. for	15
New Salmon, 1 tin	10	Ham, 1 lb. for	18
Sardines, large tin	10	Cheese, best, 2 lbs. for	35
Baking Powder (every day fresh, 1 lb.	25	Pearline	15
Blue Point Oysters	20	Spices	10
		Capot Capers	15

WE BUY ONLY FIRST-CLASS GOODS FROM THE FOLLOWING FIRMS: R. P. RITHET & Co., THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY, J. H TODD & SON.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

FOR 3 WEEKS ONLY

Winter Suits at Rock-bottom Prices that cannot be approached by any other House in the west.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
No. 86 Government Street.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS

HAVE IT REPAIRED BY

...McLENNAN & McFEELY...

Corner Government & Johnson Streets.

TIN and IRON ROOFING. PLUMBING

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has ability to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

—OFFICES—

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

FOR SALE!

Lease and good-will of first-class boarding house, with spacious grounds; good reason for selling; business is now paying. Apply to BEAUMONT BOGGS, Broad st., dec16-1m P.O. Box 126.

Why go to MORRIS?

Because he is the leading Tobacconist.

NOTICE.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

NOTICE

I have this day admitted Mr. E. Bloomingdale, of San Francisco, as a partner in my business at Victoria, B. C., which hereafter will be continued under the firm name of Simon Leiser & Co.
SIMON LEISER.
Victoria, B. C., January 1st, 1894. 12-1m

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Paris, Jan. 11.—M. Dupuy, who was elected president of the Chamber of Deputies at the last session in succession to M. Casimir-Perrier, was today re-elected president. Out of 357 members M. Dupuy received 290 of the votes cast.

Rome, Jan. 11.—If Sicily remains as quiet as at present, General Moro de Laverino, commander-in-chief of the island, will start shortly on a tour of the island. During the recent rioting in Misileri, Sicily, the mob drove out the the troops, killing six and wounding 20. The troops then re-entered the town, killing and wounding the rioters by scores. The troops remained victorious.

Amsterdam, Jan. 11.—The skating tournament at Sewelle was continued today. Kingma, the Dutch champion, won the 500 metre in 51.1-5 seconds. The ten kilometre race was won by Hagan, the Norwegian champion, in 18 minutes, 51 seconds. Kingma was second. Hagan has won by his work here the championship of the world.

London, Jan. 11.—The attack of influenza, from which the Earl of Kimberly, lord president of the council and secretary of the state for India, is suffering, has developed into a serious case of bronchitis.

Madrid, Jan. 11.—Senor Zorilla, the well-known Republican leader, has issued a manifesto, in which he predicts the early triumph of the Republicans. The establishment of the republic in Spain, he says, will be followed by a revival of trade, an improvement in the condition of the workingmen and workingwomen, the regulation of finances, the establishment of an efficient army and navy, and the protection of the church interest. Republicans, he adds, have no sympathy with the anarchists, whom they are ready to destroy as enemies of social order.

London, Jan. 11.—The Rome correspondent of the Central News says: "The pope received on Jan. 8th a deputation of the Roman aristocrats. In speaking with them he repudiated indignantly the suggestion that he was aware of the alleged French intrigues in Sicily. "I was born in Italy," he said, "and I love my fatherland. The man who does not love his fatherland is unworthy of God's blessing."

London, Jan. 10.—The Times publishes a letter from Lord Randolph Churchill to a correspondent on the question of bimetallism. Lord Randolph refers the correspondent to President Cleveland's message upon the subject and his striking arguments in favor of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, and his impressive description of the ruin brought upon the United States by attempts to give artificial value to silver. With the experience America has so forcibly set before us, Lord Randolph says he fails to understand how any rational man can advocate the smallest departure from a gold currency.

Humors of the Blue-Book.

The post of the Governor of the Gold Coast settlements, says the London Star, is not an enviable one at the best of times. To have to look after a population of a million and a half of pure negroes, in a mean temperature of 82 degrees Fah., with fever, ague and small pox for companions is a lot to which one would scarcely condemn one's worst enemy. When its burdens are added to by dispute with traders, its occupant might be pardoned if he lost his patience at times. Governor Sir W. Brandford Griffith, however, seems to have behaved admirably under very trying circumstances so far as we can gather from the correspondence published in a blue-book just issued on the affairs of the Gold Coast. There are some delightful gems of humor in this blue-book for those who care to delve into its depths. It appears that in order to meet the requirements of the colony for sanitary and other improvements it has been found necessary to impose an "ad valorem" duty of ten per cent. on a number of articles imported into the colony. This has roused the ire of some of the merchants, and of one firm in particular, and they have been trying to make it hot for the governor in consequence by sending a "complaint" of the bad administration of the Gold Coast Settlement to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. But the governor is easily able to turn the tables upon them by exposing their little game, which was to get the ten per cent. duty removed so that their profits might be increased. Besides, he is able to show that their complaint of maladministration is quite unfounded. Indeed, we should judge that most of the dissatisfaction which existed was due to the rigorous enforcement of more cleanly habits amongst the inhabitants. One chief who made complaint had a very definite character given him by the commissioner of his district. He says that this chief has given him a lot of trouble, and is "more of a liar than any other native chief I have ever come across," which must be saying a good deal.

One ground of complaint was a Stamp Ordinance, which it was claimed that the majority of the people were quite incapable of comprehending. This is from the reply to the complaint: "The governor regrets to find that in your humility you are of opinion you are not far enough advanced to make the Stamp Ordinance work smoothly and effectually . . . His Excellency is disposed to think that you undervalue your intelligence and ability." His Excellency seems to have a pretty vein of sarcasm of his own. Not content with this, however, the complainants hatched a nice little plot. One of them sent his clerk to buy up all the stamps at the postoffice, and then another one sent his clerk immediately afterwards. Of course there were no stamps left, so they went right off and telegraphed to the Colonial Secretary: "Have applied at the postoffice for penny stamps but they had none. How are the terms of the Stamp Ordinance to be complied with under these not unusual circumstances?" The plot failed, however, for the lynx-eyed governor at once spotted the trick. Eventually the governor was fully justified in his action by Lord Ripon and the complainants received a very definite snub.

During the quarrel there was an interview between some of the merchants and the governor, in which all grievances were thoroughly gone into. The governor has also, it would appear, a taste for fables, for the blue-book states, referring to the necessity for stopping the practice of cutting down the rubber trees instead of tapping them, that the Governor likened it to "the story of the goose which laid golden eggs, and was killed in the hope thereby to get them quicker than by the natural course." We are further told that "the Governor closed his remarks by adding that he had brought some sunflower seeds for distribution by the district commissioner, and stated their usefulness and the gorgeous beauty of the flowers." In dismissing the deputation, however, the governor further added as a warning that in all cases of riot "all offenders would be tried and punished with the full penalty of the law—in fact, would be hung when life was lost in such cases" (sic), and on the question of the reduction of the duty on spirits the governor "bade them extinguish the last hope of its being done." In another part of the report we read that at a meeting of the legislative council "Mr. Waters moved that the council do authorize a vote of £130 to provide a permanent grand stand on the race course. The honorable member stated that he believed his motion had the approval of all the European community, and that he had asked many of the leading native gentlemen, who without exception had expressed their approval of the proposal. Seconded by the chief justice and agreed to." We should hope after this there will be no more complaints from the inhabitants. What more can they desire? But, "seconded by the chief justice!" Oh, fie!

Animal Oddities.

The reason of the shortness of the elephant's neck is that the head of the animal is so heavy that were it placed at the end of a neck of a length proportionate to the dimensions of that organ in other animals, an almost incalculable amount of muscular force would be necessary to elevate and sustain it. The almost total absence of a neck obviates the difficulty and the trunk serves as a substitute. The uses and advantages of a long neck, peculiarly exemplified in the giraffe, which contains only the same number of vertebral articulations as in the elephant, are in the latter supplied by the trunk or proboscis, by which he is enabled to carry food to his mouth and to drink by suction. The curious organ contains a vast number of muscles variously interlaced, is extremely flexible, endowed with the most exquisite sensibility and the utmost diversity of motion, and compensates amply for the absence of a long neck.

There is so much variety in the hands of monkeys that a comparison of them with those of man cannot very easily be made, but this comparison may be made with the higher apes, such as the gorilla and chimpanzee, which approach nearest in their structures to ourselves. In the gorilla the thumb is short and does not reach much beyond the bottom of the first joint of the forefinger. It is very restricted in its movements, and the animal can neither twiddle his thumbs nor turn them around till the tips describe a circle. The web between the fingers reaches to the beginning of the second joint, the fingers taper to the tips, and there is a callosity, or pad, on the knuckles on which the animal rests while walking on all fours. In the man the thumb reaches to the top of the first joint of the forefinger. Man can twiddle his thumb so that the tip will describe a circle, and he can touch the tips of all his fingers with it; the web between his fingers does not extend beyond the base of the first joint, and there are no pads on the knuckles. The bones in the hand of man and in that of gorilla are the same in number and in general form. But the thumbs of the monkey have no separate flexor or bending muscles, as those of men have. This is why a monkey always bends his thumb with his fingers and never puts his thumb around an object which he grasps, but always keeps it on the same side as his fingers.

The whiskers of cats and of the cat tribe are exceedingly sensitive, enabling them, when seizing their prey in the dark, to feel its position more acutely. These hairs are supplied through the roots with branches of the same nerves that give sensibility to the lips and that in insects supplies their feelers.

The German Professor.

When the typical French student becomes professor his whole duty is discharged when he actually expounds the matter of his programme, polished elegance and lucidity of style being, of course, expected, and these, to do him justice, are seldom wanting; this, however, is nothing more than was expected of him as a student, or even schoolboy, and a schoolboy of a larger growth he does practically remain; the German system, however, has accustomed the student to the standpoint of the professor, whose lecture makes no attempt at these French qualities of crystalline cut and polish, but is a flowing stream at brightest, rippled with fresh thought, at dullest laden with undissolved but fertilizing matter it has been gathering on its way.

Instead, then, of the professor being arrested in his individual development, as is inevitable with all educational institutions of the Napoleon type, be they universities or schools, the German student is accelerated in the development of such originality as he may be trained to aid in carrying out the investigation of his master, and so becomes an inquirer, an investigator from the beginning.

Thus has arisen not only a diversity of intellectual experience and character impossible to any but the most exceptionally original and fortunate men educated in other countries, but also a far greater proportion of graduates capable of immediate employment in all the special tasks of modern life, from bookmaking to chemical manufactures.

The Englishman or Scot, again, although quite as often possessing native originality as the German, and, of course, far less systematically spoiled than the unlucky lycean, is untrained and too often positively ignorant, and constantly wastes or misapplies his labor even where triumphantly productive. He remains always (as the German recognizes at a glance) more or less of an amateur. Our greatest scientific names, in fact, are instances of this—witness Darwin, Lyell and Murchison, or take any other line of special study, such as economics. —The Fortnightly Review.

Thin and impure blood is made rich and healthful by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It braces up the nerves and gives renewed strength.

"We had a terrible time with the convention of physicians in our city the other day."

"What about?"

"They found a disease and then could not discover a microbe for it!"

PERSONAL POINTERS.

The new Duke of Saxe-Coburg is tattoed.

* * *

William Black, the novelist, has been laid up at his house at Brighton, Eng., with a somewhat severe illness.

* * *

Florence Nightingale, the famous nurse, is 73 years old. She takes her baptismal name from the Italian city in which she was born.

* * *

Paderewski is the only solo player engaged for the forthcoming North Rhenish musical festival, which will take place this year at Aix-la-Chapelle.

* * *

Rosa Bonheur is still painting in her quaint study near Fontainbleau. She is now an old woman, small, sunburned, and wrinkled as a peasant. The grey hair is cut short and is still thick.

* * *

The Emperor of Germany draws heavily on the exchequer when he travels. His trip to Italy and Austria soon after he ascended the throne cost $200,000. In Germany the Emperor pays his own fare.

* * *

Miss Kate Sanborn says of the programmes at women's clubs: "The papers are usually too long-winded and too labored. They are exhaustive, usually going back to the beginning of the world to explain the present subject."

* * *

At the opera house in Ottawa recently the Countess of Aberdeen wore a dress of royal purple velvet; the skirt was plain and full; a Volero jacket of velvet was worn over a cream silk bodice, and an Elizabethan frill of cream lace ornamented the neck. A jewelled star adorned the hair.

* * *

Hon. Mrs. Ivor Herbert, the wife of the general, purposes having a dancing class during the winter at Earnscliffe. The general occupies the residence of the late Sir John Macdonald during the absence of the baroness in Europe, and here the leaders of Ottawa society are to study the country dance during the present season.

* * *

William E. Gladstone got into the year of great babies, 1809, only by a scratch. If he had been born three days later he would be a child of a year which was not so memorable for its births. Among the great personages who were born in 1809 were Darwin, Tennyson, Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Edgar A. Poe, the historian Kinglake, Mendelssohn, Jules Favre, Lincoln, Hamlin, Oliver Wendell Holmes, and ex-Speaker and ex-Senator Robert C. Winthrop.

* * *

Lord Aberdeen has on his Haddo estate a cottage especially for the children called "Holiday Cottage." The place is fitted up with all the goods and chattels of a humble home, except that there is no sleeping accommodation in it. In the garden Lord Haddo, the Hon. Dudley, and Archie Gordon grow potatoes, cabbages and strawberries. The three brothers dig and delve, fetch water from a pump in the neighboring field, mend fences, polish door-knockers, chop wood, or make themselves otherwise useful. In the kitchen Lady Marjorie practices all the details of housekeeping. If the floor is dirty she scrubs it; when the grate is cold she kneels in front of it and cleans it and lays the fire.

Thackeray's Three Guineas.

The apartment was an exceedingly plainly furnished bed-room, with common rush-seated chairs and painted French bedstead, and with neither looking-glass nor prints on the bare, cold, cheerless-looking walls. On the table was a frugal breakfast tray—a cup of chocolate and some dry toast.

Mr. Thackeray at once undertook to write upon art, to review such books as he might have, and to contribute an occasional article upon the opera, more with reference to its frequenters, he remarked than from a critical point of view.

So satisfied was he with the three guineas offered him for a couple of columns weekly that he jocularly expressed himself willing to sign an engagement for life upon these terms. I can only suppose, from the eager way in which he closed with my proposal, that the prospect of an additional £160 to his income was at that moment anything but a matter of indifference.—Glances Back Trough Seventy Years.—Vizetelly.

—Hall's Hair Renewer is pronounced the best preparation made for thickening the growth of the hair and restoring that which is gray to its natural color.

MRS. DeWIT—There, Reginald, are those Rigby Waterproofs I have been telling you about. Can't you see how stylish and comfortable they look? and they are just lovely for winter weather. You always wait till everybody else in the world adopts a new thing before you will believe in it. We really must have them at once.

MRS. UPTODATE—Dear me, what a sight those DeWits are out in the streets a day like this without Rigby Garments. It takes some people a lifetime to learn how to be comfortable. Just think how we used to swelter in those horrid Rubber Waterproofs, and such smelling things.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

The Weekly

Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND (READ UP.)

Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays.
		Ar.	Ar.
0	VICTORIA	12.30 P M	3.30 P M
6	RUSSELLS	12.36	3.36
12	SHAWNIGAN	12.42	3.42
17	COBBLE HILL	12.48	3.48
24	GLENORA	12.54	3.54
30	COWICHAN LAKE	1.00	4.00
36	SAHTLAM	1.06	4.06
41	HILLBANK	1.11	4.11
47	MCPHERSON'S	1.17	4.17
52	KOKSILAH	1.22	4.22
57	DUNCANS	1.27	4.27
64	SOMENOS	1.34	4.34
70	CHEMAINUS	1.40	4.40
77	OYSTER BAY SIDING	1.47	4.47
84	NANAIMO	1.54	4.54
145	WELLINGTON	2.35	5.35
		Dep.	Dep.

NORTH BOUND (READ DOWN.)

Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.
		Dep.	Dep.
145	WELLINGTON	8.00 A M	7.00 P M
61	NANAIMO	9.04	8.04
68	OYSTER BAY SIDING	9.11	8.11
75	CHEMAINUS	9.18	8.18
81	SOMENOS	9.24	8.24
88	DUNCANS	9.31	8.31
93	KOKSILAH	9.36	8.36
98	MCPHERSON'S	9.41	8.41
104	SAHTLAM	9.47	8.47
110	COWICHAN LAKE	9.53	8.53
117	GLENORA	9.59	8.59
123	COBBLE HILL	10.05	9.05
128	SHAWNIGAN	10.10	9.10
135	RUSSELLS	10.17	9.17
141	VICTORIA	10.23	9.23
		Ar.	Ar.

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass. Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying His Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

Walla Walla - - Jan. 14

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R. M. S. Empress of India sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama January 8th.

R. M. S. Warrimoo for Australian ports via Honolulu January 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented. For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Steamship Co'y.

In connection with

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN AND CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria .....Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma .....Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul .....Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria .....Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma .....April 4th
Steamship Mogul .....April 25th
Steamship Victoria .....May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria.

Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, January 20th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid [illegible] Steamer

Monowai.....Thursday, Feb. 8th, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Eng'sh mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. CONNON, Agent, Beatson Square, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. HATTRAY, General Agent, No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Fancy Ties, Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Braces, Fine Hats, Etc., Etc.,
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
LARGE CONSIGNMENT JUST TO HAND.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers & Hatters,
97 Johnson Street.

LETTER FROM BRITAIN.

The Liberals and Dissolution—Gladstone's Debonnair Manner.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Nottingham, Dec. 22, 1893.—Christmas is on us once more and one is doubly reminded of the fact by the fine display that is being made in the various shop windows of all the latest novelties of the age; however, London shop-keepers and carrying agents are lugubriously bemoaning the absence of Christmas trade. Railway agents, remembering the time when there was a constant exchange of Christmas hampers to and from the country, declare that nowadays people send scarcely six pennyworth of goods to their friends. The shop-keepers have abundant admirers outside their gaily-dressed windows, but they declare that purchasers are both rare and exacting. The fact is there seems to be little money to spend after the coal merchants and the doctors have been satisfied. That there is an enormous lot of sickness about is clearly shown by the last report of the medical department of the local government board. The sale of Christmas cards has been ruinously small.

Not since the arraignment of Madeline Smith has there been a more sensational criminal trial than that now proceeding in the Court of Justiciary at Edinburgh. The inexpressibly tragic death of young Cecil Hambrough has probably caused more talk and given rise to more speculation than anything which has happened for many a long year. Monson's own position, and his relation to the young officer invests the case with a peculiar interest, and the disappearance of the individual variously known as Scott and Davis has given it that air of mystery which fascinates the attention and stimulates the curiosity of the general public. Scotch criminal procedure differs essentially from that which obtains in England. For instance, Monson is being tried by a jury of fifteen. Here, in England, a jury must be unanimous to bring in a verdict. Eight of the Edinburgh jury can determine Monson's fate. Then three verdicts can be returned in Scotland. The jury may find the prisoner "Not Guilty," or "Guilty," or they may simply say "Not Proven."

When the ship canal is open for traffic Manchester will become a busy seaport. Already weekly services are arranged between Cottonopolis and Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Ghent, Antwerp, Yerneuzen and Dunkirk, and the purely British trade will be represented by various lines of boats plying to Manchester. An effort is being made to divert the fruit traffic from the continent, so as to bring it through the new waterway. One company points out that a saving of from 6 to 10 shillings or more per ton will be effected by adopting this route. The procession of ships on New Year's day will be headed by the sailing ship Sophie Wilhelmina from Nova Scotia, now in Eastern Docks. The captain is to be presented by the company with a gold watch as a souvenir of the event. Two steamers due from Galveston with cotton will also figure in the procession. A large portion of the trade of Liverpool which has hitherto been master of the situation, now threatens to go to the new port. Merchants and ship-owners are clamoring at Liverpool for a reduction of dues and other reforms which the Mersey docks and harbor board have up to the present time persistently refused to concede.

An influential London exchange says that all the talk about the dissolution of the House of Commons may for the present moment be simply set aside. It is perfectly clear that the Liberal party is approaching a conflict with the House of Lords, the like of which has not been seen for the last sixty years, and in the course of that conflict there may occur moments in which an appeal to the country will be desirable and necessary. But we may be certain that the cabinet have not been so foolish as to prejudice the course of events at a moment when no one can foresee it. Those who profess to know, therefore, must have superior information to Her Majesty's ministers, whose business it is to see that their present measures are rushed through the House of Commons, and to leave the future until the future can be determined.

On the 12th of February, 1885, the daughter of Mr. Mackay, the American millionaire, was married in great state in Paris by Monsignor di Rende, the Papal Nuncio, to Prince Gallatro Colonna. The petition to the sixth civil tribunal in Paris, for a judicial separation, has now, says the Daily News, been formally presented. The princess alleges that her husband is a gambler and a spendthrift, that not content with wasting her allowance from her father of £7000 a year, he had actually disposed of her wedding gifts and other valuable presents she has received from time to time, and that he has deserted her. Mr. Mackay, it is alleged, on one occasion paid off his son-in-law's debts to the amount of £40,000. Maitre du Buit, the eminent French counsel, has charge of the case for the princess. At the outset, the prince intends to dispute the competency of the French court, as he is an Italian, and although he has a residence in Paris, he has another at Naples.

Little has been heard of General Booth's over-seas colony scheme of late, but it has not been lost sight of. Many inquiries have been made and much information has been acquired which will be valuable in the future. It is said that land has been offered to the Salvation army for the purpose of the settlement in no fewer than 38 countries or states in all parts of the world. No locality has yet been decided upon, but it is not improbable that a definite announcement on the subject will be made early in the year.

Dr. Parker, of the City Temple, says that next year will be one of the brightest in all the history of England. A bright white light fills the whole country in every corner. Russia also will have great prosperity and will make a great advance upon herself. Germany, especially North Germany, will have a hard time of darkness and suffering.

Cremation is making some progress in the country, although the experiment at Manchester in the erection of a crematorium is not altogether financially encouraging to other places to follow its example. During the past year there have been 28 cremations, two of which were of persons of the working class at the reduced fee of $10.50. This, of course, is a considerable saving upon the ordinary mode of burial, but it is doubtful whether cremation will become popular with the working classes. At any rate, there is a good deal of objection to the process to overcome before it does. The crematorium is popular in another sense, for there have been 14,000 visitors to it since the opening, and these have paid three-pence each for admission, thus affording an additional source of revenue for the company.

Baroness von Roques, mother of Mrs. Maybrick, has retained the services of Mr. J. E. Harris, solicitor, London, to re-open this case. Mr. Harris is already in communication with the Home Office, and it is alleged that some new evidence of a sensational character and in favor of Mrs. Maybrick's plea of not guilty has been obtained.

The Daily Chronicle descriptive writer says Mr. Gladstone's speech in the House of Commons this week was very debonnaire in manner, and great in voice. No one who has not heard Mr. Gladstone speak—and at his great age this peculiar power is as noticeable as ever—can have any idea of the way in which words can be made to have a certain smashing effect, can be hurled, like bolts of live thunder, out of a human mouth. The splendors of Mr. Gladstone's voice, veiled a few years ago, now shine out with undiminished strength, and they are always employed with special effect on big party occasions. The Old Man wore violets in his buttonhole, and was altogether alive in his electric fashion, flashing, weighty, dominant, and with his heart clearly in the work of bearing down a warlike scare, the one thing, perhaps, that the Premier hates more than any other move in politics.

The most disastrous fire that has ever been experienced in Sheffield occurred early yesterday (Dec. 21) morning, breaking out in the extensive drapery establishment of Messrs. Hovey & Sons, which occupies a commanding position in the centre of the town. About 50 assistants were sleeping on the premises, and they were not roused until the fire had got full hold of the building. They had very narrow escapes as they made their way down the fireproof staircase at the rear of the building in their night-dresses. Only one of the assistants succumbed to the fiery element. The loss is estimated close on $1,000,000, as considerable adjoining property was also consumed.

A great amount of sickness continues to be recorded throughout the country, consequent on the continued changeable weather, which on the whole has been very mild up to the time of writing. Sixteen cases of smallpox have occurred at the Bolelyn Castle, East Ham, which is used as a reformatory school for boys. The disease was introduced by a visitor to one of the boys. The disease is also very prevalent in many towns throughout the country, and was introduced into Paris during the Russian fetes. Scarlet fever and measels, not to mention influenza, has raised the death-rate enormously in many of the provincial towns. Nottingham alone showing a record of 32 per 1000.

JOHN HALL.

CHILCOTIN NEWS.

How Christmas Was Celebrated—The Weather and the Stock.

(From our own Correspondent.)

The Indians recently found a cow of Beecher & Duster's dead, with a bullet hole through her head. This makes the third animal found in Chilcotin shot through the head during the year 1893. Last June a cow, supposed to belong to E. D. Oaklyn, and in November a fine large mare belonging to Mr. Oaklyn.

Christmas was celebrated in great style by the Chilcotin Indians. They managed to secure in some way their usual amount of fire-water, but before the toasts were given extra police were elected, and whenever a Siwash grew noisy or quarrelsome he was pounced upon by the police and hobbled and then thrown into a corner out of the way to cool off or sober up.

Snow fell to the depth of about an average of six inches. Finer winter weather has never been seen in Chilcotin. Over half the cattle on the range would make beef; no necessity for feeding anything this winter unless it be calves that were weaned early in the fall.

Mr. Charley Bunbrick is getting the material ready for a new residence. He says the old house is large enough for a "bach" but not for a family, so we take it for granted he contemplates matrimony. Good luck to thee, Charley.

We would like to hear something more about the Canada Western or British Pacific railway that the Victoria papers were full of some time ago. Give us the railroad through Chilcotin country and we will send you the fattest beeves you ever saw. One man here claims to have hundreds of tons of rich gold quartz almost ready to ship when that railroad is built.

About 70 or 80 head of cattle belonging to Beaumont & Drummond, E. B. Drummond estate and others have perished this winter by breaking through the ice while in search of water. The many small lakes scattered over the range are almost a nuisance to stockmen especially during the early winter months.

Mr. William Strause, one of Chilcotin's best citizens, has sold out completely to Mr. Graham. Mr. Strause will probably leave in the early spring for California or Florida.

All the settlers here are very anxious that the coming legislature will grant them the privilege of buying 160 or 320 acres of land in addition to the 320 acres that they are already allowed to preempt. Every person that has stock must necessarily have two ranches, one on the river or near the range to grow grain and run a dairy and another up in the mountains where the natural hay meadows are. Give us a show.

CHILCOTIN.

—The continual succession of boils, pimples and eruptions from which many suffer indicates an impure state of the blood. The most perfect remedy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It expels the poison harmlessly through the natural channels and leaves the skin clean and clear.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Crows Nest Pass.

Hugh H. Lumsden, an engineer in the service of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, who has had supervision of the Canadian Pacific surveying parties in the Kootenay country which have been seeking a satisfactory line from the Crow's Nest Pass westward through the Kootenay mining country to the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at some point west of the Rocky Mountains, gave to the Montreal Star these details:

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company now controls what was popularly known as the Galt Railway, running from Dunmore on the Canadian Pacific Railway to the coal-mining town of Lethbridge; it also owns the line extending from Calgary to Macleod, which runs about as far to the southward as the Galt road. In British Columbia it has a water and rail route extending from Revelstoke to Nelson; and other mineral roads running south from the main Canadian Pacific Railway are projected. The Canadian Pacific proposed new line through the mountains by the Crow's Nest Pass will leave the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway at Dunmore; follow the Galt line to Lethbridge; cross the country from Lethbridge to Macleod (a link of about 20 miles to be built); enter the mountains to Crow's Nest Pass, and reach Nelson and other British Columbia points by the most available route. The development of the silver region of British Columbia under the proposed new tariff in the United States which admits Canadian lead ore and galena free of duty, will, no doubt, be very great; and as the United States lines into British Columbia are already bidding for this mineral traffic, the Canadian Pacific Railway may be expected to "get a hustle on" and proceed with its Crow's Nest Pass road as early as possible in the spring. Some 30 or 40 miles of the line between Macleod and the Pass are already graded. The snows in early November brought the work of the surveying parties in the Kootenay country to a standstill, and Mr. Lumsden states they were then withdrawn for the winter. With the securing of the Crow's Nest Pass the Canadian Pacific Railway has practically got control of all the passes through the Rocky Mountains in Canadian territory; as the northern terminus of the Calgary and Edmonton railway, which they are operating, is opposite to and controls the Yellow-Head Pass; the only available pass that is not already occupied.

No one has any idea of the immense amount of work that Christmas entails on the several members of the royal family and their ladies in waiting, says Woman. The Queen's list of presents to members of her own family and friends among the royal families of the world is immense, and then her gifts to servants and tenantry have all to be carefully arranged with personal application to the needs of each individual, and all pass under her own notice and approval.

Catarrh in the Head

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

Good cigars are now high priced, because of high tariff laws.

MASTIFF PLUG CUT is making pipe-smoking popular because it gives more for the money.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong--
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 25 MILLION POUNDS.

If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

THE VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. GREECH, Manager.

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap.

The Nicola Valley Railway Company

"NICOLA"

Preliminary Notice.

This company has secured a block of land near the junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers for the purpose of a townsite, and so soon as the contract for the work of construction of this railway is entered into it is proposed to lay out this land as a town and place a portion of the lots upon the market.

The ONLY station in the vicinity of the Junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers will be placed within the boundaries of this block and the town surrounding it will be called

"NICOLA"

J. W. McFARLAND, Sec.-Treas.
Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 27th, 1893.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street. Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTOIRA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Dressmaker

Just arrived from San Francisco, with handsome line of Street and Evening Dresses. Orders taken at short notice. Prices reasonable. Clarence Hotel, Room 30
dec26-tf

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WAter front and about 700 cords of wood cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid location for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.
60 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 10th December, 1893. d21-5m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Chief Magistrates of the Different Provincial Cities.

SEVERAL SURPRISES IN THIS CITY

Mr. Teague's Majority Astonishes His Friends and Supporters—Ald. Bragg and McKillican Defeated and Ald. Baker Goes From Top to Bottom of the Poll.

The municipal elections in the cities of the province took place yesterday. The result of the mayoralty contest in Victoria was unexpected to many, and there were several aldermanic candidates who received electoral shocks. At some related day Mayor Beaven's supporters came to the conclusion that they had been defeated, but even Mr. Teague's most sanguine friends did not think the majority for their candidate would be anything like 500. In North ward the defeat of Ald. Bragg and the placing of Ald. Baker at the foot of the poll was totally unlooked for by them and their friends. Last year Ald. Baker was at the head of the poll, receiving 200 more votes than he did this year. Ald. McKillican's defeat in Centre ward was hardly expected. The complete returns, as published in a second edition of the Times last evening, follow:

The board of aldermen will therefore be composed as follows: Mayor John Teague, Aldermen H. A. Munn, J. K. Wilson, D. R. Harris, George J. Ledingham, W. J. Dwyer, James Baker, S. T. Styles, L. Vigelius and W. Humphrey.

The returning officer having declared the result of the election, the crowd, which had been waiting outside to hear the official announcement, assembled in the court room and called on the different candidates to address them.

Mayor-elect Teague thanked the electors for the honor they had conferred on him and congratulated them on the orderly manner in which the election had been conducted. He would strive to serve the city in such a manner that the electors would have no reason to regret their verdict. Although differing from Mayor Beaven in many things, he believed all would admit that gentleman had served the city faithfully and he deserved credit for what he had done. The citizens, however, desired a change, which they had obtained. (Applause.)

The retiring mayor, Hon. Mr. Beaven, was received with hearty applause. During his many years in public life it had come under his observation that when two men run for a position, one "gets left." It was his experience to-day to be that one. He thanked those volunteer friends who acted out of pure friendship and as they believed for the best interest of the city, for coming forward and working and voting for him. Not once during the campaign had he heard an unkind or discourteous word from Mr. Teague, and he believed he could say the same of himself. He did not know of one action of his during his term as mayor which if it had to be done over again he would do differently. He was proud to say that as far as he knew the city could not be in a better position. (Applause.)

Mr. Ledingham being ill, Ald. Baker next took the platform. He said that although he had been placed at the foot of the poll in the North ward, he was proud to have accomplished what he had worked hard to do, defeat Mayor Beaven. (Hisses.) He proceeded to criticize Mayor Beaven's treatment of North ward, but the audience would not hear him until he changed the subject. He then thanked them for having elected him.

Ald.-elect Dwyer and Vigelius also thanked the electors for returning them, and J. K. Wilson being called upon said there was just one thing he would like to say. He did not think it was right for Ald. Baker to kick Mr. Beaven when he was down. (Applause.)

The result of the election in the other cities and municipalities of the province follows:

FOR MAYOR.

John Teague	988
Robert Beaven	497
Majority	491

FOR ALDERMEN.

North Ward.

William J. Ledingham	556
W. J. Dwyer	466
James Baker	448
Edward Bragg	375
C. J. Blackett	266

Central Ward.

S. T. Styles	290
L. Vigelius	255
W. Humphreys	247
W. D. McKillican	197
Hugh H. McDonald	109

Vancouver.

R. A. Anderson	721
H. Collins	646
W. Towler	243

The other elections of the day were:

WARD I.

W. S. Salsbury (second term).
H. P. Shaw (acclamation).

WARD II.

Nominations to-day to fill ex-Ald. Collins' place.
C. L. Queen (elected).

WARD III.

H. P. McCraney (second term).
D. McPhadden (elected).

WARD IV.

J. L. Franklin (second term).
William Brown (elected).

WARD V.

C. L. Brown (second term).
J. Bethune (elected).

WATER COMMISSIONERS.

R. H. Alexander.
H. J. Cambie.
A. G. Ferguson.

Delta.

WARD ONE.

L. Gutchon	13
Harry Trim	10

WARD THREE.

Geo. McCloskie	17
T. E. Ladner	16

WARD FOUR.

W. Condy	12
J. Skinner	4

The other wards returned councillors by acclamation.

Nanaimo.

Mayor: E. Quenelle.

NORTH WARD.

M. Morrison	95
Ralph Craig	83
T. Dobeson	80

SOUTH WARD.

George Churchill	80
J. H. Cocking	73
Thomas Wilkes	68

MIDDLE WARD.

Arthur Wilson	128
J. H. Pleace	90
R. Nightingale	80

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

A. Wilson	216
R. Craig	124
T. Dobeson	117

Duncan.

FOR REEVE.

Horace Davie	68
W. H. Lomas	50

COUNCIL.

Chemainus ward.....F. Lloyd (Acc.)
Cowichan ward.....F. A. Wood
Somenos ward.....H. Evans
Quamichan ward.....W. C. Duncan

In Chilliwack S. Cowley was elected reeve by a majority of 181 over A. Vedder; R. H. Lee was elected mayor of Kamloops by acclamation; Henry Hay is mayor of New Westminster; W. F. Cameron of Vernon and R. F. Green of Kaslo.

Coin in a Buffalo's Head.

The buffalo of Ceylon carries his head in a peculiar manner—the horns thrown back and the nose projecting on a level with his forehead, thus securing him from a fatal front shot. This renders him a dangerous enemy, as he will receive any number of balls from a small gun in the throat and chest without showing the least distress. In "The Rifle and Hound in Ceylon," an account of a dangerous encounter with this animal is given. The writer had fired without killing the buffalo and had not a single ball left. With a stealthy step and a short grunt the bull advanced upon the man, seemingly aware of his helplessness.

"Suddenly a bright thought flashed through my mind. Without taking my eyes off the animal I put a double charge of powder down the right hand barrel, and tearing off a piece of my shirt I took all the money from my pouch, three shillings in sixpenny pieces and twopenny pieces.

"Quickly making them into a roll with the piece of a rag, I rammed them down the barrel. They were hardly well home before the bull sprang forward. I had no time even to replace the ramrod and I threw it in the water, bringing my gun on full cock at the same instant.

"I now had a charge in my gun which if reserved until he was within a few feet of the muzzle, would certainly floor him. The horns were lowered, their points were on either side of me and the muzzle of the gun barely touched his forehead when I pulled the trigger and three shillings' worth of small money rattled into his hard head.

"Down he went and rolled over with the suddenly checked momentum of his charge. Away went R— and I as fast as our heels would carry us, through the water and over the plain, knowing that he was not dead but only stunned.

"There was a large fallen tree about half a mile from us whose whitened branches, rising high above the ground, offered a tempting asylum. To this we directed our steps, and after a run of 100 yards we turned and looked behind us. The buffalo had regained his feet and was following us slowly. We now experienced the difference in feeling between hunting and being hunted.

"By degrees the bull's pace slackened and fell. We were only too glad to be able to reduce our speed, but we had no sooner stopped to breathe than he was up again and after us. At length, however, we gained the tree and beheld him stretched upon the ground within 200 yards."

How to Talk Well.

Learn to listen well, and very soon you will find yourself speaking the word in season and surprising yourself, as well as others, by the quickness with which your thoughts will be expressed.

Read the works of great writers, think them over and conclude in what way you differ from them. The woman who talks well must have opinions—decided ones—but she must have them well in hand, as nothing is so disagreeable as an aggressive talker. Say what you have to say pleasantly and sweetly! remember always that the best thing in life, dear, sweet love, has often been won by that delightful thing—"a low voice."

Do not be too critical; remember that every blow given another woman is a boomerang which will return and hit you with double force. Take this into consideration: it is never worth while making a malicious remark, no matter how clever it may be.

Worth what while? Worth, my dear girl, the while here, which is, after all, so short, and the while hereafter, which is, after all, so long and sweet. It seems to me that when you and I stand before the good God it will be the little gossip, the petty talk about others, of which we will be most ashamed.

Never forget that mere idle talk is quite as bad as gossip, for nobody is gaining any good from it, and as no vacuum exists in nature, none can in everyday life. Not to be a good talker, my dear girl, not to be an interesting woman, quick in your sympathy and ready always to give the word of gladness to those in joy, or speak your tender thought to one who is in affliction, is to be that most unpleasant of people—an uncomfortable woman.—Ruth Ashmore, in Ladies' Home Journal.

BIRTH.

SHAW—In this city on 11th inst., the wife of James Shaw of a daughter.

Eseltjy's Liver Lozenges do not weaken one like pills.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

FOOTBALL.

The Victoria fifteen consists of H. Pettigrew, back; J. F. Faulkes, H. B. Haines and A. D. Crease, three-quarter backs; F. Smith and C. W. Ward, half backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain), L. Crease, W. H. Langley, I. Fraser, O. H. Warden, F. Wollaston, E. A. C. Gibson, D. Sullivan and P. Hibben, forwards. The following Victorians will play for the Garnet team: G. R. Heath, A. C. Anderson, J. Byrn, I. A. Crabbe, G. L. Sidey, H. B. Thompson and J. O'Reilly.

ASSOCIATION GAME.

The following team will represent Victoria club in their game against Cerrig college to-morrow: Goal, Boyd; backs, Fox and Howard; half backs, Drake, Glen and Martin; forwards, A. Goward, Allan, B. Goward, Spring and Skene. The teams will face one another on Beacon Hill Park promptly at 2:30.

How Chris Buckley Saw a Prize Fight.

Chris Buckley, "the blind boss" of San Francisco, was in town the other day, says the Chicago Tribune, and a sight of him reminded a friend of the place where the pair last met. This was at the Jackson-Slavin fight at London. In response to the exclamation, "What's that! a blind man at a prize fight?" the gentleman said:—"Buckley was there, I tell you, and not only enjoyed it, but he can tell you exactly how the men fought, feinted, and punched one another. You can't see how he could tell? Well, there was the American sport, Doc Nagle, sitting on the one side of Buckley, and Mannix, the English billiardist, on the other. Now Nagle 'went' for Jackson and Mannix for Slavin, and as the pugilists did this or that, so did their representatives, using Chris's body as a punching bag. Buckley enjoyed the thing immensely, although for a day or two he was sore in spots about the body."

For blind men to be interested in sport is nothing unusual. There was, some years ago, a blind sport named Joe Sylvester, who, making his home in Cincinnati, roamed here and there to the race meetings. His Hebrew friends staked him to a poker room in Cincinnati and the revenue from this kept Joe well supplied with money. At Louisville and other places he might always be seen in the grand stand looking (?) at the races. That is some friend would describe to him the running of the horses. "Where is Joe?" asked of a friend, brought the answer, "Dead!" and further conversation produced this story: "You know, Joe would play anything, and faro was his delight. The last time I saw him play, he was sitting close to the left of the dealer, who, following instructions, placed the blind man's bets. The game was a full one, all sports, and the boys were playing together. 'I want to follow Jim,' says Joe, 'he's got the red checks, hasn't he?' 'O, it makes no difference who you follow,' answered the dealer, 'it's a case of pay one pay all.' 'All right,' says Joe, 'they're playing odds and evens, and so put me on the four to win.' A minute after a ten showed to be a case by the caskkeeper. 'Put my bet between the ten-four,' says Joe. After a turn or two the ten lost. 'Put this on the four,' says Joe, handing the dealer a bet. But the four being covered with checks, the dealer naturally put it ten-four. A few more turns and it came ten-seven. Imprecations were heard from such players as having their bets ten-four lost their money. They had all lost to the supposed dead ten. The case-keeper as usual came in for the blame. 'Let me keep cases!' cried the man and that, Joe Sylvester had just realized that by somebody's fault he had lost his money. A fine vein of humor ran through this man, and never in my experience have I heard such a roar of laughter pealed forth when the poor fellow, as blind as a bat, mind you, quaintly and drily remarked, 'Let me keep cases.'"

Tabor vs. Shakespeare.

When Senator Tabor received the plans for his beautiful theatre at Denver he was proud as a boy reporter with his first story in type. It was the culmination of his ambition, says the Chicago Dispatch, and he was so overjoyed that he immediately set off for Europe, leaving everything in the hands of his trusty lieutenants. The building went up rapidly after his departure, and all was finished as he left the train to be welcomed home again. His first business was to go through his theatre, and this he did, approving everything he saw until he arrived before the proscenium arch. The frescoing and painting were beautiful and artistic to a degree. Right in the centre was a splendid painting of Shakespeare.

Tabor stopped. "H'm!" he grunted as a frown crossed his face. "Who the devil is that?"

"Why, that is Shakespeare, the immortal bard of the Avon," replied the manager, with assurance.

"What did he do?" asked Tabor.

"Do!" exclaimed the manager with surprise. "Why, he did more for the drama than any person who ever lived."

"Did he ever do anything for Colorado?"

"Why, he lived 400 years ago."

"Then he never did anything for Colorado, did he?"

"Well," uneasily drawled the other, "he may never have done anything directly for Colorado, but"——

"No buts about it; tear it down and put up a painting of me. I did something for Colorado."

And this is why Tabor opera house patrons look into the smiling ugliness of Senator Tabor every night.

Apropos of this is another good one on the erratic Colorado senator. He dropped into his theatre one night as the orchestra was playing a soft melody from the "Bohemian Girl." He stood in the foyer and looked over the house. Suddenly he noticed the drummer was idle.

"Why don't that fellow play?" he abruptly asked the manager.

"There is no occasion for him to play. His drumming would ruin the music."

"That don't make no difference; rain or not, he is paid to play, and if he won't I'll get some one that will."

"But he cannot possibly play now," urged the manager.

"Well, then, I don't want him," and in a rage he rushed down the aisle and discharged the poor drummer, and it required a week's arguing by the leader to get the unoffending fellow back again.

A Beautiful Volume.

The most beautiful volume among the half million in the congressional library at Washington is a Bible which was transcribed by a monk in the sixteenth century. It could not be matched to-day in the best printing office in the world. The parchment is in perfect preservation. Every one of its thousand pages is a study. The general lettering is in German text, each letter perfect, as is every one, in cold black ink, without a scratch or a blot from lid to lid.

At the beginning of each chapter the first letter is very large, usually two or three inches long, and is brightly illuminated in red and blue ink. Within each of the capitals is drawn the figure of some saint, some incident of which the chapter tells is illustrated. There are two columns on a page, and nowhere is traceable the slightest irregularity of line, space, or formation of the letters. Even under a magnifying glass they seem flawless. This precious volume is kept under a glass case, which is sometimes lifted to show that all the pages are as perfect as the two which lie open.

A legend relates that a young man who had sinned deeply became a monk and resolved to do penance for his misdeeds. He determined to copy the Bible, that he might learn every letter of the Divine commands which he had violated. Every day for many years he patiently pursued his task. Each letter was wrought in reverence and love, and the patient soul found its only companionship in the saintly faces which were portrayed in these pages. When the last touch was given to the last letter the old man reverently kissed the page and folded the sheets together. The illustrated initials, in perfection of form and brilliancy of color, surpasses anything produced in the present day. With all our boasted progress nothing either in Europe or America equals it.

Use Gibbons' Toothache Gum; sold druggists

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Capt Jno Irving, W H Harrisob, H J Austin, F S Barnard, Miss Walls, H R Morse, C V Cooper, F Walker, C A Holland, Geo Brynes, F Angus, Miss Cambie, A Thynne, H Mitchell, C M Callander, Rabbi Philo, Peter Burrill, Wm McDougall, J Robb, W B McLellan.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Geo Schou, C T W Piper, Frank Burnett, Mrs. Burnett, Master Burnett, Robert Thogborg, J Wilson, Jas Richards, Miss Miller, M Egan, J E Coombs, E Lobs, A Black, D Coleman, T W Carter, Mrs Hammond, G F Hanft, J W Bowes, E Borne, C A Friedman, J Anderson, Geo Kerkendall, Sister M Bonsecours, J Aush, Mrs Hanft, Tom Hardy, Mrs Hardy, J Wilson, Mrs Anderson, R Tarford, Jno Aithoff.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—G H Maynard, J Piercy & Co, B Williams & Co, W J Pendray, J Hastie, Pither & Leiser, Lenz & Leiser, S Leiser, Stand Sew Mach Co, Sere & Co, Puget Sound Flour Mill Co, S Athfield & Co, Baker & Leeson, S Leiser, Hudson Bay Co, Baker & Leeson, L Skoularecky, E B Marvin & Co, Hartman & Co.

Eseltjy's Liver Lozenges are the best blood purifier.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Canada Paint Co, Miss Johnson, S H E Co, Nat Elec Co, H Bornstein, Dom Exp Co.

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S. Davis & Sons' Celebrated Brand can be had at E. A. Morris' Cigar Store."

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..ANNUAL..

Winter Clearance Sale

....COMMENCING....

Wednesday, January 10.

Owing to extensive alterations to be made to our store during the month of February, we will offer the balance of this month our **Entire Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.**

We have marked our Winter Stock consisting of Mantles, Capes, Furs, Millinery and Dress Goods regardless of cost at prices that will ensure an early sale.

We have about **1000 Remnants** and short ends of Dress Goods, Cloths, Silks, Ribbons and Laces that will be sold at half their original price.

We will throw out several dozen Kid Gloves in all sizes at 60c. a pair, that are worth from $1 to $1 25.

Money is what we all want and money you can save by taking advantage of this sale, and remember those who come first get the best selections.

Sale commences at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning.

THE STANLEY HOUSE CO.,

Cor. of Douglas and Fort Sts.

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42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

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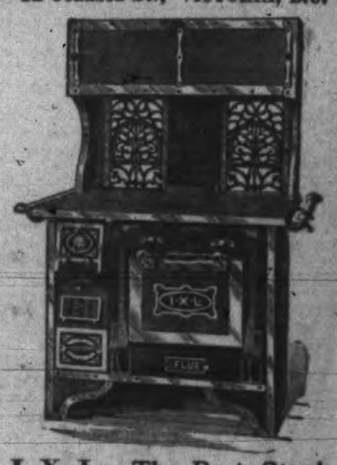

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Victoria, B. C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.